THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,202—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

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SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1910.				
2nd Dec.	PERSIA	7951	.....	...
10th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
17th "	ARABIA	7908	.....	...
24th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
31st "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...
1911				
7th Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
14th "	HIMALAYA	6898	.....	...
21st "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9671
28th "	CALEDONIA	7558	.....	...
4th Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7922
11th "	DELTA	8032	.....	...
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	10886
25th "	ARABIA	7933	.....	...
4th March	MALWA	10882	.....	...
11th "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10012
22nd "	ARCADIA	7000	.....	...
25th "	PERSIA	7951	.....	...
1st April	MARMORA	10909	.....	...
8th "	CALEDONIA	7558	.....	...
15th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
22nd "	MANTUA	10883	.....	...
29th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
6th May	ARABIA	7908	.....	...
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
20th "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...

The above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER,
At Special Rates.

The S. S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 22nd MARCH, 1911 direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 450 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea	Rs. 525 or Rs. 647	Rs. 792 or Rs. 940

These rates include the Surtax.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnigh tly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. CO.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS,
BOMBAY.
PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA :	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON :	GRINDLAY & Co.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. Rubattino	4580	L.Manchini	15th Dec. 1910
D. Balsamino	4,580	Maganzini	15th Jan. 1911

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 155
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 728; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Capri	6,000	D. Moresco	16th Dec. 1910
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Jan. 1911

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to ..... to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH)
VIA SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins, amidships, for First Class Passengers only.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

	Tons	Leave Bombay about
s. s. Umsinga	4,500	6th December, 1910.

Fare Rs. 375.

NEW NATAL LINER.

Steamer "Umona" will be sailing for WEYMOUTH, about the 28th December. Fares Rs. 375 to Rs. 420 according to accommodation.

For further particulars, apply to:—

W & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

SHIPPING

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Lunga	2171	Mon.	28th Nov.	11 a.m.	†P D & O M
Dumra	1695	Thurs.	1st Dec.	9 a.m.	via C. M.
Lhasa	2171	Fri.	2nd Dec.	6 a.m.*	direct.

†Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi.
*Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR CUTCH MANDVI KARACHI AND BUSSEH (Weekly).

S. S. "Dumra," 1695 tons, on Thursday, 1st Dec. calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR VERAWAL, MANGROLE, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "Kasara," 1195 tons, on Monday, the 28th November, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, and Koweit.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA, (Fortnightly.)

S. S. "Lalpoora," 3,269 tons, on or about the 3rd December.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand,

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

20th November, 1910.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on
Salazie	4,147	Riquier	THURSDAY 3rd Dec. 1910.
Armand-Behic	6,385	Galonnet	22nd Dec. 1910.
Australien	6,365	Mouton	19th Jan. 1911.
Nera	5,538	Casanova	16th Feb. 1911.
Yarra	4,142	Ristorcelli	16th Mar. 1911.
Dumbea	5,685	Rebufat	13th April 1911.
Polynesien	6,363	Bruno	11th May 1911.
Australien	6,365	Mouton	8th June 1911.
Salazie	4,147	Riquier	6th July 1911.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigazione General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about.
Nera	5,538	Casanova	2nd Dec. 1910.
Yarra	4,142	Ristorcelli	30th Dec. 1910.

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDEZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged :—

ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	15th Dec. 1910
Olympia	5124	W. Robertson	29th " "
Circassia	6716	C F Osborne R N R	16th Jan. 1911
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	25th " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	11th Feb. "

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Elysia	6368	A. Haig	25th Feb. 1911
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	16th Mar. "
Olympia	5124	W. Robertson	26th " "
Circassia	5716	C F Osborne R N R	15th Apl. "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	24th " "
Castalia	6388	J. Hamilton	7th May "
Elysia	6368	A. Haig	20th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	10th June "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return.
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 573	924
Bombay to Loudon Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool.	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 808	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

11 Gold Medals awarded.
Number of inventions patented

HARICHAND MANCHARAM & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF FIRE,
FALL & BURGLAR PROOF SAFES,
LOCKS AND STRONG ROOMS.

OURS is the OLDEST FIRM in India of its kind.

Fireproof composition under the Supervision of the famous scientist, Prof. T. K. Gajjar, M. A., B. Sc., F. C. S.

The inspection of our wares is respectfully invited.

HEAD OFFICE AND SHOWROOM:—
HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 285,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank,

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, Ltd.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£ 800,000
RESERVE FUND	£ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHIN, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Chittagong,	Newara-Eliya.
Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Cochin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy	Entebbe,
Cawnpore		

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 143, BOMBAY. J. BLACK, Ag. Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS,
BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP	" 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	" 1,75,000

DIRECTORS:

The Hon'ble SIR SASSOON DAVID Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)

SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart. (Messrs. J. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)

THE HON'BLE MR. H. B. GREAVES, (of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co.)

RATANJI DADABHOY TATA, Esq. (of Messrs Tata Sons & Co.)

GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).

The Hon'ble Mr. LALUBHAI SAMALDAS (Bhownuggur.)

KHETSEY KHAISEY Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khaisey and Co., Bombay.)

RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)

The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E. B. BARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 L. to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security;

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application;

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

XMAS-AT-HOME.
NEW-YEAR-AT-HOME.

LATEST DATE FOR POSTING.

MARCKS & CO.'S
PRESENTATION NOVELTIES
IN
JEWELRY
AND
SILVER-WARE
FOR

CHRISTMAS. 10th December.
FOR
NEW YEAR. 17th December.

We pack, ensure, pay postage and despatch Xmas and New Year's gifts purchased from us.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE HOUSE for the following Dried Desert Nuts, namely, WALNUTS, ALMONDS, and HAZELNUTS. Price as usual.

Consignments for THE SEASON just unpacked from HIGH CLASS FIRMS :—

MALAGA RAISINS,	(Extra choice) in 5½ lbs. box	... ...	...at Rs. 5.
Do.	(Extra) in 5½ lbs. box	... ...	...at Rs. 4.
Do.	(Extra) in 4½ lbs. box	... ...	...at Rs. 3-8.
Do.	(Ordinary choice) in 5½ lbs. box	... ...	...at Rs. 3-4.
SPANISH IMPERIAL FIGS in 1 lb. box	... ...	... ...	...at Re. 1.
SPANISH FRESH GRAPES in barrels (loose) per lb.	... ...	... ...	Re. 1.

ITALIAN FIGS in 2 lbs. baskets at Re. 1 per basket.

SPECIAL TERMS will be quoted for Clubs, Messes, Hotels, and the Trades, on written application.

The Public in general are invited to inspect our Stores or apply for our Price List, which will be posted free.

CHRISTMAS CRACKERS AT MONGINI BROTHERS.

ALL the latest NOVELTIES in CRACKERS, just opened out from As. 8. to Rs. 5. per Box.

MIDGET CRACKERS,
GIANT CRACKERS,
FLORAL CRACKERS,
SURPRISE CRACKERS,
CRACKERS for Evening Parties,
CRACKERS for Table Decoration,
CRACKERS for Boys,
CRACKERS for Girls,
TOY CRACKERS,
JEWEL CRACKERS,
FIREWORK CRACKERS,
CRACKERS in Baskets,
CRACKERS in Pots,
JAPANESE CRACKERS, Etc., Etc., Etc.

Special CRACKERS in gelatine packets for 'XMAS TREES from As. 4 per Packet.

INSPECTION INVITED.

MONGINI BROTHERS,
25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'

A HOUSEHOLD REMEDY FOR

All Functional Derangements of the Liver, Temporary Congestion arising from Alcoholic Beverages, Errors in Diet, (Eating or Drinking,) Biliousness, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Oppression or Feeling of Melancholy, Vomiting, Heartburn, Sourness of the Stomach, or Constipation. It is a Refreshing and Invigorating Beverage, most Invaluable to Travellers, Emigrants, Sailors, and Residents in Tropical Climates.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" assists the Functions of the Liver, Bowels, Skin, and Kidneys by Natural Means; thus the blood is freed from poisonous or other hurtful matters, the foundation and great danger of Chills, Fever, Worry, Blood Poisons, &c. There is no doubt that, where it has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease, it has, in innumerable instances, prevented a serious illness.

CAUTION.—*Examine the Capsule and see that it is marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'; otherwise you have the cleverest form of flattery—IMITATION.*

Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, London, S.E., Eng. by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

Sold by Chemists and Stores everywhere.

NINE SEASONS ON ONE PAIR OF DUNLOP TYRES

Extract from a letter, written on 25th June, 1910, by Mr. C. S. JARVIS, 114, Lambton Road, Raynes Park, S. W.:

"The Bicycle was purchased in November, 1901, and the Original Tyres (Dunlop Roadster Covers, 28 × 1½ in.) are running yet. I regret I cannot give you mileage covered, as I have not kept a record. Certainly the Tyres are now approaching final dissolution, but can be made to do a little longer. Apart from actual wear, it is surely wonderful testimony to the splendid material used, as it might have been expected, even if not used, the Tyres would have "perished" by this time. If that is not value extraordinary, I have not come across it.

"I may add I scale some 11 stone 6 lbs., am an ardent cyclist in most weathers, and at times a hard rider."

FIRST IN 1888; FOREMOST EVER SINCE.

GOLFERS! HAVE YOU TRIED THE CHAMPION GOLF BALL,
THE DUNLOP "ORANGE SPOT"
AND THE "JUNIOR?"
THE VERY BEST BALL ON THE MARKET.

THE DUNLOP PNEUMATIC TYRE Co., LTD.

3, Wallace Street, BOMBAY, & 188C, Mount Road, MADRAS.

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., LTD.,

GRAHAMS BUILDINGS.
BOMBAY.

TURPENE

THE BEST SUBSTITUTE
FOR
TURPENTINE.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE.

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Rs. 1

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE
Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA,
WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

JOSEPH EVANS & SONS,

(WOLVERHAMPTON), LTD.,
CULWELL WORKS, WOLVERHAMPTON, ENG.
MAKERS OF
PUMPS & PUMPING MACHINERY,
FOR
STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER.
MINING & IRRIGATION PUMPS A SPECIALITY.

WRITE FOR LIST No. 20. CABLE: "EVANS," WOLVERHAMPTON. CODES: 2WN & A B C (5TH EDITION).

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at he Office by 6 p. m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per P. & O. S. N. Company's s. s. "ARCADIA," from JAPAN, CHINA, STRAITS & COLOMBO, are hereby informed of the Vessel's arrival, and requested to take immediate delivery of their goods landed at No. 1 Shed, Victoria Dock.

Captain Ericson, the Surveyor, will attend every morning to survey damaged packages. All claims in this respect must be preferred to the undersigned within 7 days from the date of discharge, and Bills should be presented for payment within one month from the steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained.

No surveys will be held on bag cargo packed in single gunnies only, or on goods removed from the Landing Shed.

A. H. FROOM,
ACTING SUPERINTENDENT,
P. & O. S. N. Co.

THE WEST'S PATENT PRESS CO., LD.

HAS acquired sole rights in Patent No. 639 of 1909 for use of Chain Gear for driving the rollers and other parts of cotton gins. Further information can be obtained from the Company's Office at Etawah or Aligarh.

NOTICE is hereby given that our client's have contracted TO PURCHASE, from ALLIBHOI ADAMJI, on behalf of self and ADAMJI KADIRBHOY, ABDOOL HOOSEIN MAHOMEDALLI, HUSSONALLI MAHOMEDALLI and RAHIMATBAI, daughter of Mahomedalli Adamjee, all of Bombay, Bora Mahomedan inhabitants, the property hereunder described, that is to say, all that piece or parcel of Government land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwellinghouse, hereditaments, and premises built and standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the Eastern side of Old Bungalpura Street, without the Fort, in the Island and Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 136 4-9 square yards or thereabouts, and registered in the Books of Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1419, New No. 7171, Old Survey No. 767, 768, and New Survey No. 2342, and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, under B Ward No. 1533, and Street Nos. 39-41, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East by a Sweeper's passage, on or towards the West by Old Bangalpoora Street aforesaid, and on or towards the North and South by the properties of Memon Haji Gunny Karim.

All persons thefore having or claiming any right, title or interest in, to or upon the said property or any part thereof or having any claim in respect thereof, either by way of inheritance, sale, mortgage, lease, gift or otherwise howsoever are required to make such claims known in writing to the Undersigned at their Office, No. 29, Esplanade Road, Fort, and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise all such claims, if any, will be considered as waived and the purchase will be completed without reference to them or any of them.—Dated this 26th day of November, 1910.

ARDESIR, HORMUSJI, DINSHAW & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

ON and after the 28th Instant, OUR ADDRESS will be—

ALICE BUILDINGS, (3rd floor).
Hornby Road, Fort.
HOLLAND & MOSS, Ld.,
CHINA MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE Co., Ld

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE.

EXPOSITION FESTIVAL AT GOA.

IN supersession of previous circulars issued in connection with the above Festival, the Public are hereby informed that with effect from SATURDAY, the 26th instant, the Special Ferry Steamers to Goa will leave Mody Bunder, as noted below, *provided only a sufficient number of passengers offer* :—

SUNDAYS.	TUESDAYS.	WEDNESDAYS. THURSDAYS. SATURDAYS.
Bombay Dep.	12-30 P.M.	Panjim Dep. 12-30 P.M.
Panjim Arr.	10-30 A.M.	Bombay Arr. 10-30 A.M.

Cargo Steamers will leave Prince's Dock "L" Shed every MONDAY and FRIDAY, at 1-30 P.M.

Fares by Ferry Steamers to Panjim.

IA	IB	II	III	
3	5	1-12	1	as double these Fares.

Fares by Cargo Steamers to Mormugao.

IA	IB	II	III
9	6	3	2

Cabin Accommodation is provided on the s.s. "Juba" which will sail from Bombay every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Arrangements have been made to SUPPLY FOOD and REFRESHMENTS to passengers on Board the Steamers under the management of Mr. A. J. D'Souza.

A. Cabin Accommodation.
B. Without Cabin Accommodation.

KILLICK NIXON AND CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 23rd November, 1910.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. JEHANGIR MANEKJI CONTRACTOR, of Bombay, Parsi, has contracted TO SELL the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, lien, easement or otherwise, is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our Office, No. 70, Medow Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

All that piece or parcel of land partly of perpetual Fazendari tenure and partly of the Quit and Ground rent tenure (the property of the Fazendars of the Fazendari portion whereof are the trustees of the confraternity of St. Francis of Assisium attached to the Cathedral of N. S. De Esperanca, bombay), together with the messuage or dwellinghouse standing thereon, situate at Bombay without the Fort, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 312 square yards or thereabouts, whereof the portion which is of the Quit and Ground rent tenure is registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue, with other adjoining land under Old A
Nos. 2628, New No. 9642, Old Survey No. 841, and 2
New Survey No. 7384, and the whole of which said land is bounded on the East by Churney Road aforesaid, on the West by the property of Dinshaw Cooverji Pandole, on the North by the property of Rustomji and Kawasjshaw Sorabjee Powrah, and on the South by another property of the vendor which said premises are assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 1823 (1D), and Street No. 1 (D), and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the vendor's tenants.—Dated this 25th day of November, 1910.

PESTANJEE, RUSTIM, KOLA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

JARRAH WOOD

WESTRALIAN JARRAH, STEAM, SAWN SCANTLINGS, suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Chowkuts, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame-work, Cotton Bale Ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. A large assortment of Scantling sizes and lengths always kept in stock at our MAZAGON DEPOT, Victoria Road.

Price List and Sample Free on Application.

MILLARS' KARRI & JARRAH CO. (1902) LD.,
YORK BUILDINGS,
Hornby Road,
BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

S. S. "TRAFFORD HALL."
GENERAL AVERAGE.

CONSIGNEES of inward, and shippers of outward cargo are requested to note that all surveys should be held in conjunction with the steamer's Surveyor, Captain Metcalfe, and certified by him, otherwise no claim will be recognized.

KILLICK, NIXON AND CO.,
Agents,
The Ellerman Lines, Ltd.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are invited by 1 o'clock, on FRIDAY, the 2nd December, 1910, for the following works :—

(1) Providing a Drainage System for the new Buildings erected for the David Sassoon Industrial and Reformatory Institutions, at Matunga. Value of work, about Rs. 2,600.

(2) Laying on Water to the New Buildings, erected for the David Sassoon Industrial and Reformatory Institution at Matunga. Value of work about Rs. 5,400.

(3) Constructing a Septic Tank for the David Sassoon Industrial and Reformatory Institution, at Matunga. Value of work about Rs. 2,800.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the Undersigned. Tender forms will be issued on payment of the usual fees during office hours, either on personal application or by Agents. The Undersigned reserves the right to reject any Tender or Tenders and no reason will be given for the acceptance or the rejection of any Tender.

E. M. PROES, A. M. Inst., C. E.,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.
Bombay, 24th November, 1910.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

GUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture

SALES BY AUCTION.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

BONA-FIDE SALE OF THE SURPLUS STOCK OF A PERFUMERY SHOP.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 29th day of November, 1910, at 2 P.M. sharp (S.T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers, are instructed to sell by Public Auction, in Meadow Street, Fort, by order of Mr. J. S. Patell, Proprietor of the Bombay Perfumery Mart, on account of changing the shop the surplus stock-in-trade, consisting of three light gas chandeliers, gas fittings, show cases, large lamp, safe, large lot of assorted scents, soaps, powders, toilet requisites, Christmas, New Year's, and pictorial post cards by Raphel Tuck, wooden shelves, etc., etc.

The above is on view.

AUCTION SALE of Immoveable Properties, at Byculla Old Race Ground, near Ripon Road.

On SATURDAY, the 3rd day of December, 1910, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. J.S. MODY & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, under instructions from Surajmal B. Mehta, Esqr., Attorney for the mortgagee, Haji Ahmed Haji Hassam Dada, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Mahomed Usman Haji Saleh Mahomed, now an insolvant, and whose interest has now been vested in R. D. Sethna, Esqr., the Official Assignee of the estate of the said insolvent, under and by virtue of the power of sale given under the indenture of mortgage, dated 2nd day of August, 1909, the following properties, viz :—

Firstly.—All that piece or parcel of fazendari land or ground situate, lying and being at Byculla Old Race Ground, near Ripon Road, outside the Fort, and in the Registeration Sub-District of Bombay, and assessed by the Municipality under E Ward No. 3960, and Street No. 147, and containing by admeasurement (116 6-9) square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the east by the property of Piria Dhobee, on the west by the property of Hoosein Miya Mahomed Miya Surmawalla, on the north by the property of Sheriffbhoy Thaver, and on the south by the passage.

Secondly.—All that piece or parcel of fazendari land or ground, together with the messuage, tenement or dwellinghouse standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Byculla Old Race Ground, near Ripon Road, without the Fort, and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and assessed by the Municipal Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 4003, and Street No. 190, and containing by admeasurement (260) square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the east by the Cast Iron Factory of Dhunjibaw Mothabhai, on the west by Ripon Road, on the North by the property of Jeswanji Ismailji and Company, and on the south by the property of Meerji Ghella.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Surajmal B. Mehta, Esq., Attorney for the Mortgagee, at his office No. 25, Medows Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & CO.
Bombay, 28th November, 1910.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.,
Cheapest Dealers in
STATIONERY, DRAWING
AND
PAINTING MATERIALS
For Art Students, Artists, Engineers, etc
RUBBER STAMP MAKERS,
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

BOOKS FOR SALE

ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.
THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs: 10.
BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.
LAYS OF THE LAW,
(A Selection of Leading Cases.)
By W. E. H. Re. 1.
GIRAS AND GUARANTEE
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc. on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights
By L. P. Parikh Rs. 6.
Apply "The Bombay Gazette" Office.

AMUSEMENTS.

FRANK FILLIS' GREAT CIRCUS

SITUATED
Gowalia Tank Road, behind the Fire Brigade Station.

LAST 6 NIGHTS, POSITIVELY
LAST 6 NIGHTS.
Great Attraction for the LAST WEEK.
THIS MONDAY EVENING, NOV. 28.
GREAT HORSE LEAPING MATCH FOR
R 500 aside
Between Mr. GOVE'S MAORE CHIEF
and Mr. NICKOLSON'S HIGHFLYER.

TUESDAY, NOV. 29TH,
STAND UP RIDING CONTEST
for a Handsome
GOLD WATCH.

CONDITIONS.—Competition open to members of the audience. The person standing erect on the horse's back the longest to be declared the Winner.

WEDNESDAY, 30TH.
GRAND CHARITY MATINEE AT 4 p.m.
WEDNESDAY EVENING.
JACK McAULIFFE THE CHAMPION,
Middleweight
BOXER will give his Scientific
BALL PUNCHING DISPLAY
and A SPARRING EXHIBITION of 4 ROUNDS
with another Champion.

THURSDAY, DEC. 1ST.
DONATION BENEFIT to the HOSPITAL.

FRIDAY, DEC. 2ND.
COMPLIMENTARY BENEFIT
TO MADAME R. FILLIS.
A PHOTO of Madame presented to every Person entering the Tent.

SATURDAY, DEC. 3RD,
GREAT GIFT MATINEE at 4 P. M.
A Handsome BYCYCLE—and
3—GOLD WATCHES 3—Given away.
SATURDAY NIGHT,
A well bred and
HIGHLY TRAINED, TOP STANDING HOME
GIVEN AWAY.—Every person entering the Tent have equal chance of winning any of the above prizes.

SUNDAY, DEC. 4th,
FAREWELL MATINEE.
10 GOLD WATCHES GIVEN AWAY,
and wrestling match for Rs. 500.

D. B. MACPHERSON, Business Manager. GEORGE OSCAROFF, Advance Agent.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH

AT THE
NOVELTY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT,
"FOOLSHEAD—FOOTBALLER"
AND
"FOOLSHEAD AS A RED CROSS VOLUNTEER"

The theatre was packed on Saturday and Sunday night with people waiting to see Foolshead in his new roles. And what a reception. They simply make you laugh. There's no fool like our fool Foolshead.

THE FINE DRAMATIC,
"THE MYSTERIES OF THE BRIDGE OF SIGHS AT VENICE."

A wonderful story told and acted on the waterways and in the palaces of that great old city, Venice. It was greatly admired by all on Saturday and Sunday and was the talk of the evening.

MANY OTHER PICTURES WILL BE SHOWN.

TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

EMPIRE THEATRE.

9TH AND 10TH DECEMBER.
The POONA A. D. C. (assisted by Bombay Amateurs) and by arrangement with Mr.
BANDMANN
Will produce
Miss HOOK of Holland.
CAST.

Miss PALIN,	Mr. ALLEN,
Mrs. BLUNT,	Mr. LEAHY,
Mrs. ROSE,	Mr. FANSHAWE,
Mrs. BYATT,	Mr. BINNING,
Mrs. BINNING,	Capt. DAVIS.

CHORUS of about 30.
SPECIAL DRESSES and SCENERY.
By kind permission of H. E. the GOVERNOR of BOMBAY,
H. E. the Governor's Band,
(Under the direction of Mr. BHER).
Booking Office at Messrs. ROSE and Co.

SKATING RINK

DAILY SESSIONS AS USUAL.

FANCY DRESS CARNIVAL,
TUESDAY, 6TH DECEMBER.
18 VALUABLE PRIZES 18
FOR FULL PARTICULARS,
SEE PROSPECTUS.
PRIZES ON VIEW
at the Rinks.

Y. M. C. A. BAZAAR.

TOWN HALL.

DECEMBER 1, 2 & 3.

HOTEL WINDSOR,

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.

FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL, single bed rooms from 4s. ; double from 7s. ; sitting and bed room from 15s. ; suites from 21s. ; including attendance and electric light. Inclusive, terms from 12s. per day. Special inclusive terms by the year. Wedding receptions. Turkish Bath. Post Office telephone in every suite. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open non-residents).

J. R. CLEAVE,
PROPRIETOR.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "HEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

XMAS CARDS, NEW YEAR CALENDARS, &c., now ON SALE at S. P. C. K. DEPOT, 41 Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

A BARGAIN Short Grand PIANO by Chappell in Artistic modern case, in splendid condition, very little used. Cost Rs. 1,650, offered for Rs. 750. Apply to Box No. 1774, care of this Paper.

WANTED EXPERIENCED DRAFTSMAN. None but experienced in Mechanical drawing should apply. Box No. 10663, care of this Paper.

WANTED.—A second fully trained EUROPEAN NURSE for Civil Hospital, Dharwar. Pay Rs. 70 per month with allowances. Apply CIVIL SURGEON.

WANTED THREE second-hand single "CRIGHTON" OPENERS, in good working order, by MARSHALL & Co, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

WANTED.—CANVASSERS for British Life Insurance Co. Good terms to capable man. Apply Box No. 1740, care of this Paper.

LIFE INSURANCE.—WANTED, Experienced and capable man, able to influence business to appoint Mofussil SUB-AGENTS, and to take control of Insurance Dept., British Company. Good salary and prospects. Apply Box No. 1739, care of this Paper.

NEVER FOUND OUT OF ORDER.—"I am glad to inform you that I have used Singer's Oscillating Machine for last 10 years, and during that time never found it out of order," and even now it works as if it were quite new. Mrs. L. ALMEIDA, Girgaum, Bombay.

ALWAYS go where you will get what you want without delays.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

IMPORTANT TO MOTORISTS.—Decalcifier. The great Calcium solvent will absolutely remove calcium and incrustations from Radiators and other parts. Stocked by THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hummum Street, Bombay.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 8ands from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 ½d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal— Values —Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FOR SALE,—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings, Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

SALES & MORTGAGES arranged in the shortest possible time.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery etc

REPORTS, Pamphlets, Memorial, Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts Apply to the Manager The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per one thousand, and name and address be printed on the flap, Rs. 4 per thousand. Samples on application at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

ALBERT VICTOR COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,
(For all Communities)
MATHERAN.

WELLKNOWN for its position, extent and suitability of accommodation for Single ladies and gentlemen, and for families. Excellent Cuisine and Cleanliness. Tiled Flooring in every Bedroom, Bathroom, Dressing and Verandah.

Separate Billiard and Restaurant Saloon for the use of the Hotel-residents and for outsiders. Send for printed list of Rates and Charges, and for Card giving details of size of rooms and verandah of each detached block of building.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCH NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair REVLUC "FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 2-8. Gold, Rs. 25.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street For.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 28th November, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms in Bank Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

Furniture such as cupboards, almirah, chest-of-drawers, dressing, washhand and writing tables, large size safe by Chubb, 28 by 22 by 22 in. Milner's 58, 41, 30 inches, 2 new British safes 24 by 18 by 18 inches cottage piano by Schraffer and Schneider, in good order, one cottage piano by Julius Pfaffe, one cottage piano by Soundy and Co., Salter's typewriter, 12 Hookinson's hand cotton gining machines, 369 feet 1¼ inches and 2.9 feet 1½ inches Carriage rubber-tyres.

At 3 p.m. (S. T.).

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Receiver in suit No. 517 of 1908 (Mahomed vs. Ahmed), open carved blackwood hall sofa, pier tables, chiffoniers, marble-top open carved dining table, cupboards, chairs, copper and brass pots, crockery ware, chest safe, Austrian safe on stand, large mirrors, 1 English large striking clock by French Royal Exchange, London, showing dates and week days, etc.

At 2-30 p.m.

Several gent's bicycles by different makers.
1 Rubber-tyred light vis-a-vis.
1 Rubber-tyred light victoria.
1 Office shigram, rubber-tyred.
1 Gent's English hunting saddle complete.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 29th November at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the Esplanade Road, Fort, next to Paper Currency Office, (where the furniture has been removed for sale), the remaining stock-in-trade of a furniture merchant closing business, consisting of single and double almyrahs, clothes presses, book cases, chest-of-drawers, marble topped dressing, wash-hand, round tables, glassdoor bookcases, bent-wood sofas, iron and wooden cots, sideboards, dinner waggons, book and hat-stands, writing and office tables, chairs, verandah seats, etc.

SALE OF OILMANSTORES, FURNITURE, ETC.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esquire, Official Assignee and Assignee of the Estate of Esmal Mahomed Moosa, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Australian Stores, Sitaram Building, next to Crawford Markets, on FRIDAY the 2nd day of December, at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.).

Tinned fruits, jam, macroni, pickles, sauce, plum pudding in tins, buiscuits, vinegar, mustard, tea, tin provisions, etc., chairs, tables clock, etc.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable diamond rings, diamond ear-drop and large pearl nose-ring.

Under instructions from Messrs. Wadia Ghandy and Co., Attorneys for the mortgagee, Mr. Madangopal Chandratan, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 5th day of December 1910, at 3 P.M. (S.T.), at their Rooms in Bank Street, Fort, on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Megraj Gangabux who has become Insolvent, the following jewellery:—

2 valuable large diamond rings.
1 valuable diamond ear-drop.
1 valuable nose ring containing 3 large pearls.
A deposit of 50 p. c. will be required at the time of sale.

The above will be on view from Friday, the 2nd December, at the office of the Auctioneers.

CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 28th November, 1910.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

On WEDNESDAY, the 30th instant, at 2 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 5, Marine Lines, behind the Brigadier General's bunglow, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, rich glass and crockery ware, best plated warn, large dining table, arm and without arm chairs, large mirror back sideboards and dumbwaiters, table, hanging, and wall lamps, rich carpets, drawingroom suite of sofas and chairs, fancy cabinet, table and cabinet ornaments, satsuma and China vases, office tables and chairs, verandah benches, single and double bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs, dressing chest of drawers, very handsome water colours on velvet in frames, wash-hand and dressing tables, one powerful binocular with case, English ormolu vases, beaded door chicks, copper and aluminium utensils, &c., &c., the property of T. Sharples, Esq., and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

BENNETT & Co.
Bombay, 28th November, 1910.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE of the Right of the Temporary Occupation of the Vacant Land.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 28th November, 1910, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), the right of the temporary occupation of the following vacant lands :—

Plot Nos. 3B, 4B, 5B, 6B, Parel Road.
Plot No. 17B. Sandhurst Road.
Plot Nos. 13B, 19B, 20B, Erskine Road.
Plot No. 21B, Khoja Street.
Plot No. 16B, Dongri Street.

Full particulars, Auction conditions and plans of the plots can be seen at the Trust Land Manager's office, Esplanade Road, Fort, or at the office of the undersigned.

For Sale.

1 cottage piano by F. & J. Hopkinson.

MENESSE & Co.
Bombay, 28th November, 1910.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

WEEKLY SALE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will, on WEDNESDAY, the 30th day of November, 1910, sell by Public Auction, at their Sales Rooms, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), the following :—

On account of the concerned :—
100 square yards English flooring Tiles, buff and blue pattern.
66 square yards English flooring Tiles, buff and blue pattern.
A lot of wall, toilet and bath-rooms tiles, assorted art colour.
On account of the concerned:—
A sample lot of cloth, shoe horse, carpet, hat, and military brushes.
3 rolls each 27" by 50 yards English velvet pile carpets.
5 rolls Brussels carpet.
Miscellaneous articles—consisting of English safes, old gas lamps and chandeliers, high office tables and chairs, etc.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 28th November, 1910.

PAY NOTHING.

Only drop a Card to-day for a Free Sample Copy of

INDUSTRY,

A monthly Journal of Handicrafts and Commerce. Containing useful and practical hints for preparing household necessities, starting of small mechanical and manual industries, etc., And you will get a copy Absolutely Free.

Royal Ed. Rs. 2. People's Ed. Re. 1-8.
For Readers—
Interesting Throughout.
For Advertisers—
Absolutely sure Medium.
For Free Sample Copy and Adv. rates please write to the MANAGER,
"INDUSTRY" Office
3, Mohanlal Mitter's Lane,
Shambazar, CALCUTTA.

INSURANCES.

BONUS YEAR 1910.

NORTH BRITISH
AND
MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.
ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES
EDINBURGH : 64, Prince's Street.
LONDON : 61 Threadneedle Street.

Total Funds exceed £19,670,000
Total Revenue for 1909 exceeded. £4,280,000

The sum of over ONE MILLION STERLING was divided among Participating Life Policyholders in 1905, yielding a BONUS at the Rate of £1-8-0 per cent, per annum not only on the original sums assured but also on all subsisting Bonuses.

POLICIES in some cases have been MORE THAN DOUBLED in amount by the addition of BONUSES.

NEW SCHEME.

Double Endowment Assurance in India at English Rates. Full particulars on application.

For latest PROSPECTUS and Proposal Forms apply to
Messrs. KING KING & Co.,
Secretaries,
NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.,
KING'S BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
or to the
NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY'S OFFICE,
100, Clive Street, Calcutta.

GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.
IMMEDIATE ANNUITIES with RETURN OF PURCHASE MONEY.

THIS NOVEL and most ATTRACTIVE SCHEME which has been recently introduced offers exceptional Advantages to prospective Annuitants and the "GRESHAM" is the first Insurance Company to offer its benefits to the Public.

(1). A RETURN OF THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE PURCHASE MONEY GUARANTEED IN ANY EVENT.
Under the old scheme, the Capital was lost at Death, whenever it occurred.

(2). A LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUE ALLOWED SHOULD IT BE DESIRED TO REVOKE THE CONTRACT AT ANY TIME.
Under the old scheme, the Annuitant had no control over his Capital once paid down.

For full particulars apply to—
CROFT MODY & CO.
Chief Agents for India, Burma and Ceylon,
BOMBAY.

BANKS.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE : NEW YORK.

Capital paid up.....Gold $ 3,250,000.00
RESERVE FUND and undivided profits.....Gold $ 3,305,710.96
LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House.
Bishopsgate Street, Within E.C.—

BRANCHES :

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Washington.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Mexico.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Panama.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Colon.
Manila.	Kobe.	Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

GEO. HOGG, Manager.
BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund.....$ 15,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund.....$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	JOHORE (Malay Peninsula.)	PENANG
BANGKOK	KOBE	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KUALA LUMPUR (Federated Malay States.)	SAIGON
BOMBAY	LONDON	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LYONS	SHANGHAI
CANTON	MALACCA, MANILA	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO	NAGASAKI	SOURABAYA
FOOCHOW	NEW YORK	TIENTSIN
HAMBURG	PEKING	YOKOHAMA
HANKOW		YOKOHAMA
HONGKONG		YOLLO
IPOH (Federated Malay States.)		

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum secured amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.
CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA,
AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

Capital.....£1,000,000
Reserve Fund.....£1,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders.....£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE
4, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN, LONDON, E. C
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES :

Hamburg	Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.	Manilla
Bombay	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Cebu
Calcutta	Singapore	Hongkong
Madras	Kwala Lumpor (F. M. S.)	Foochow
Rangoon	Klang (F. M. States.	Shanghai
Colombo	Seremban (F. M States.	Tientsin
Karachi	Bangkok	Hankow
Amritsar	Batavia	Yokohama
Penang	Sourabaya	Kobe
Thaiping (Perak F. M. S.)	Saigon	New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world ; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE ; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT ; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly. Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON November 25.

2 1-2 per cent. Consols	...	...78 15-16—1-16
1 per cent. Rentes	...	... 97 1-2 unchgd
3 p. c. per cent. Indian Stock (Sterling Loan)	...	...94 1-4 unchgd
1-2 per cent. Got. Securities	...	63 3-4+1-16
Bar Silver in London	...	25 5-16—1-8
Do. 2 months hence	...	25 9-16—1-16
Closing Tone of Silver—Fall caused by speculative selling.		
Silver in New York	...	54 7-8—1-2
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs	...	25-31—1-2
Do. Berlin	...	20-48 unchgd
Do. New York	...	4 86 1-8 unchgd
Discount Bank of England Rate 5 p.c. since 20-10-10		
Discount Bank Bills 3 months' sight...		4 3-8—1-16
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight.		4 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months...		4 3-4—1-8
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months...		4 5-8 unchgd
Interest day to-day loans	...	4 3-8—1-2
Do. of day market loans	...	4 3-4—1-8
Bar Gold (per oz.)	...	77-9 unchgd
Amount Paid into the Bank of England.		£ 1,25,000

India twelve months bill £15,00,000 tenders at £96-13-11 receive 60 per cent. above in full.

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

Silver to Bombay	... ... £	320,000
Bar Gold to Bombay	... £	320,000
Sovereign to Bombay	... ... £	20,000

MANCHESTER, November 25.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spots	... ...	Good demand, firm.
Futures	... ...	Firm.
East Indian	... ...	Steady.
Manchester		Moderate business at firm rates.
Total Sales	... ...	10,000
Sales of East Indian	... ...	250
Sold on Speculation and for Export		1,000
Imports	... ...	71,250
Mid-Americans	... ...	8-10+6
Egyptian F.G.F. Brown	...	11 2-8 unchgd

	N.-D.	D.-J.	J.-F.
Cotton Delivery	7·87	7·86	7·87
	+ 9	+ 8	+ 8
Mid. Uplands	F.-M.	M.-A.	A.-M.
	7·89	7·90	7·91
G. O. C.	+ 9	+ 8	+ 9
	M.-J.	J.-J.	J.-A.
Liverpool	7·91	7·90	7·86
	+ 8	+ 8	+ 7

MANCHESTER, Nov. 25.

WOOL AUCTION.

Closing report. Firm with good demand. Total sold 26,000.

Vicanere first white highest 11 1-2d.
" " " lowest 10d.
" " ordinary white highest 9 1-2d.
" " " lowest 8d.
Candahar first white highest 10 1-2d.
" " " lowest 10d.
" " ordinary highest 9 3-4d.
" " " lowest 8d.
Becanere white highest 9 1-4d.
" " lowest 7d.

NEW YORK, November 25.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

COTTON :—

	bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports (Two days)	... 1,29,000
Do Last year (Two days)	... 66,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain	... 43,000
Do. Exports to Continent	... 57,000
Spot Cotton—	15-10+15
Futures at New York ..... Dec. 14-91+22	Advanced on Commission house buying and on bullish private crop report.
Do at New York ..... Mar. 15-16+23	

NEW ORLEANS.—

Spot Cotton	... 14 3-4+1-8
Futures—Month of Dec.	... 14-20+21
Do. do. Mar.	... 15-21+22
Closing Tone of Futures—Firm.	
Cotton Stock in London	... 2,540 Bales.
Week's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	...382,000
Do Exports to Great Britain	...136,000
Do Exports to Continent	...172,000
Do Exports to Japan	... 3,000
Stock of Cotton at U. S. Ports	...893,000
Do. of Cotton at Interior Ports	...681,000

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.

Census Bureau report the supply of Cotton at 6,082,000 Bales.

LONDON, November 25.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Madras Westerns London	... ... 6 28-32
F. G. F. Tinnevelly	... ... 7 3-32
Months—Dec.—Sellers.	
Fair Cocanadas	... ... 6 24-32

YARN.

40s Benner Mill	... 12 1-8
George Mayalls Twist	... 11 3-4

WHEAT.

Wheat Choice White Karachi	... 37
Do Months—Dec.-Jan.	
Do Name of Ports—Hull.	
Do Whether Sellers, &c.—Sellers.	
AUSTRALIAN.	
South Australian	... 36 1-2
Do Months—Dec.-Jan.	
Do Buyers, etc—Sellers.	

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujrat per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship.	... 48
Do. Months—Nov.-Dec.	
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.	
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers etc.—Sellers.	
Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship	... 46
Do. Months—Nov.-Dec.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.	
Do. Weather Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.	
Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 39 lbs. ex-ship	... 40 1-2
Do. Months—Nov.-Dec.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.	
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Done.	
Tone of Rapeseed.—Firm.	
Linseed—Bombay, per 416 lbs. ex-ship	... 55 3-4
Do. Months—April-May.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.	
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.	
Tone of Linseed.—Quiet.	
Linseed Argentine—La Plata	... 62 1-4
Do Months—Jan.-Feb.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.	
Do. Weather Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Done.	

RUBBER.

Para Rubber ...6 4 1-2—Value.

ARRIVALS.

"Oceanien."

BOMBAY, November 25.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Government Paper rate jumped up to 94 1-16 per cent. and then closed at 94 per cent., at which rate there were sellers for this settlement., the second settlement being 1-2 anna higher.

BULLION.

Bar Silver in London for ready was 1-8 down and forward rates 1-16 down when New York rate dropped by 1-2.

Business in Silver in the local market was done at Rs. 72-10. The local market opened weak on account of speculators selling in the London market and the rate dropped to Rs. 73-8, but at the close there being good inquiry the rate advanced to Rs. 73-10 and the tone of the market was firm. About 50 to 60 slabs changed hands.

The local gold market was firm and the rate fluctuated by 3 pies. Sovereigns were in good demand and the rate was unchanged.

GOLD.

	Rs.	a.	p.
97 touch Fakirsett	23	6	0
97 touch Chinta	23	6	0
Narendas Motilal's Chop Swadeshi 96 to 99 touch			
	23	15	9
National Bank	23	15	6
Chartered Bank	23	14	3
Sovereigns Shield	15	2	0
Do. Dragon	15	0	0
Australian	24	0	0
English Gold	23	14	0
Native Bullion	23	14	0
Indian Specie Bank	23	14	6

SILVER.

117 1-2 Penny	73	10	0
117 Penny Ready	73	9	0
Local per tola	0	11	6

FUTURES.

First Settlement	73	14	0
Second do	74	2	0

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed.—Firm. London rate was 3d down. Inquiry for ready lots being good the rate advanced by one anna but forward rates declined by one anna on account of sellers.

Linseed.—Firm. London quotation was 3d up. Local rate advanced by one anna on account of good inquiry.

Wheat.—Quiet but firm. London rates were unchanged. Local inquiry moderate. No change to report.

Castorseed, Cottonseed, and Groundnut.—Firm. Local demand moderate. No change in rates.

Mowraseed, Poppyseed, and Gingellyseed.—Quiet but firm. Inquiry was good and the rates were maintained.

Descriptions.	Rs.	a.	p.
Linseed, Bold ...	Rs. 13	2	0
Linseed, Small ...	,, 12	12	0
Linseed, Brown ...	,, 13	2	0
RAPESEED—			
Brown Delhi ...	,, 6	9	0
Brown Cawnpore ...	,, 6	7	0
Yellow do. ...	,, 7	8	0
Do. Gujarat ...	,, 7	13	0
Brown Katni ...	,, 6	8	0
Poppyseed ...	,, 10	2	0
Castorseed ...	,, 40	to	41
WHEAT—			
Pissi ...	,, 31	to	33
Hard Red ...	,, 27	to	29
GINGELLYSEED—			
Yellow Hingaughat ...	,, 54	to	55
Rai Khandesh ...	,, 75	to	90
Mowra-at ...	,, 7	4	0
Groundnuts ...	,, 48	to	50
Cottonseed ...	,, 26	to	27
Maize ...	,, 15	to	16
Wheat Yellow ...	,, 36	to	38
Khandwa ...	,, 44	to	48
Bajaro ...	,, 26	to	28
Joowar ...	,, 16	to	19
Gram ...	,, 21	to	24
Minbara ...	,, 54	to	55
Brown Jubbulpore ...	,, 49	to	50
Brown Meggi ...	,, 48	to	49
Kabra ...	,, 52	to	54
Black Kutni ...	,, 45	to	47
Myrabollams ...	,, 19	to	20

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Friday, 25th November, 1910 :—

Cotton	10,019	bales
Wheat	10,102	cwts
Linseed	1,189	,,
Rapeseed	883	,,
Gingellyseed	20,589	,,
Poppyseed	153	,,
Groundnuts	3,100	,,
Castorseed	2,500	,,
Rice	4,494	,,
Myrabollams	958	,,
Cottonseed	10,425	,,
Mowraseed	111	,,
Gram	1,626	,,
Joowar	45	,,
Maize	606	,,

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,570	
India	64	1-4
Indian Specie	58	1-2
Eastern Bank	75	

MILLS.

David	375	

MISCELLANEOUS.

Badam File & Co	93	
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	120	
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	107	1-2
Delhi Flour Mill	102	
Tata I. & S. Co. Ld. Ord	43	
Standard	1,057	1-2

RAILWAY.

Tapti Valley	480	

COTTON.

Liverpool rates were 7 to 9 up on Saturday, New York was 15 up and futures were 22 and 23 up. The tone of the local market for ready lots was very strong and prices advanced by Rs. 3 to Rs. 4. Demand both from exporters and Mills was good. The opener advised 1 to 2 points down. The tone of the market for new crop was strong, but irregular, and prices fluctuated by Rs. 3 to Rs. 4. Business in New Broach was done at Rs. 344, but there being sellers at this figure at the close it dropped to Rs. 341.

400	Volkart Bros ...	Khandesh ... 335-340
200	Bombay & Co ...	Do ... 330
200	Currimbhai ...	Do ... 325
300	Do ...	Bengal ... 285
300	S J David & Co ...	Do ... 292
150	R D Master & Co...	Wardha ... 348
100	H Goculdas & Co...	Khamgaon ... 334
100	Do ...	Shegaon ... 334
300	Japan T & Co ...	Bengal ... 310-315
200	Assur Mills ...	Do ... 295
150	Finlay MuirMills...	Khandesh ... 317

Bengal Hand Gin. Fine	...	290
,, F Good	...	279
Bengal Machine Gin. Fine	...	307
,, Good	...	294
Sind Punjab Fine	...	305
,, F Good	...	293
Khandesh Fine	...	320
,, F Good	...	310
Dhamangaon Poolgaon Fine	...	331
,, F Good	...	321
Akola Knangaum Fine	...	328
,, F Good	...	318
Amraoti Fine	...	328
,, F Good	...	318
Yeotmal Fine	...	335
,, F Good	...	325
Nagpore Fine	...	339
,, F Good	...	329
Wardha Hinganghat Fine	...	341
,, F Good	...	331
Mathia Fine	...	319
,, F Good	...	309
Broach Gin Fine	...	266
,, F Good	...	258
Broach Gin Good	...	347
Sawginned Good	...	348 May
Comptah Gin	...	250 ,,
Westerns H. G	...	334 ,,
Do M G	...	340 ,,

SHARES.

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Friday, 25th November, 1910 :—

		Bales.
Khandesh	2,773	,,
Central India	.....	,,
Bazai and Nagur	334	,,
Berar	1,932	,,
Central Provinces	464	,,
Total Oomras	5,503	,,
Dholera	64	,,
Broach	.....	,,
Coompta and Dharwar	513	,,
Westerns	.....	,,
Bengals (N. W. P.)	3,688	,,
Bengal Rajputana	113	,,
Sind	100	,,
Persian	.....	,,
American	.....	,,
Other Sorts	.....	,,
Egyptian	.....	,,
Total ...	10,019	,,

METALS.

We Quote:—		lbs.
Copper Braziers 4×4		21
		28
		35
		42
		56 } Rs. 4 0
		63
		70
		77
		84
Yellow Metal Sheets		21
		28
		35 } ,, 45 4
		42
		49
		56
Tin Ingots	...	,, 21 4
Georgshutte	...	,, 47 8

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Friday, Nov. 25.

No. of Packages.	GOLD. Bullion Rs.	COIN. Sovs. and half Sovs. Rs.	Other Coin. Rs.
40 Boxes ...	.....	3,000,000	.....
20 do ...	.....	1,500,000	.....
20 do ...	.....	1,500,000	.....
20 do ...	.....	1,500,000	.....
3 do ...	.....	2,295	35,059

SILVER.

No. of Packages.	Bullion Rs.	Coin. Govt. of India Rs.	Other coin. Rs.
19 Bars ...	37,500	.....	.....
240 do ...	3,75,000	.....	.....

Importers.	Vessels.	From
Chartered Bank ...	Salsette	Port Said
Hongkong Bank ...	do	London
Eastern Bank Ltd ...	do	Alexandria
Hongkong Bank ...	do	do
National Bank of India Ltd	do	do
...	do	do
Sundry Importers ...	do	Aden

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY by rail on 24th November, 1910.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway ...	26	30,240
B. B. & C. I. Railway ...	29	34,314

LONDON, November 26.

Consols 2 1-2 per cent. ...	... 79+1-16
Rentes 3 per cent	... 57 1-2 unchgd
3 1-2 per cent. (Sterling Loan)...	94 1-4 unchgd
3 1-2 per cent Government Securities	... 62 13-16+1-16
Bar Silver in London. ...	... 25 7-16+1-8
Do. 2 months hence ...	... 25 5-8+1-16
Closing Tone of Silver.—Steady at the advanced.	
Silver in New York	... 55 1-8+1-4
Exchange on London at Paris	25-30—1
Do do Berlin	... 20-48 1-2+1-2
Do do New York	... 4 86 1-8 unchgd
Discount Bank of England Rate	... 5 p.c. since 20-10-10
Do. Short London Bills 3 m/st.	4 3-8 unchgd
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st...	4 unchgd
Do Fine Trade Bills 3 months.	4 3-4 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months.	4 7-8+1-4
Interest day to day loans	... 4—3-8
Do. 7 day market loans	... 4 1-2—1-4
Bar Gold (per oz.)	... 77-9 unchgd
Amount paid into Bank of England...	£1,25,000

COTTON.

MANCHESTER, November 26.

LIVERPOOL—

Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot—Quiet but steady.	
Do. of Liverpool Cotton Futures ...	Quiet.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton East Indian ...	Steady.
Tone of Manchester Market...	Quiet.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ...	6,000
Total Sales East Indian	...
Do. Day's Sales on Spot and for Exp	300
Do. Day's Imports	23,000
Mid Americans	8-12+2
Egyptian F. G. F. ...	... 11 3-8 unchgd

	N.-D.	D.-J.	J.-F.	F.-M.	M.-A.
Cotton Delivery	7·87	7·86	7·87	7·88	7·90
Mid Uplands	unchgd	unchgd	unchgd	—1	unchgd
G.O.C.					
	A.-M.	M.-J.	J.-J.	J.-A.	
Liverpool	7·90	7·91	7·89	7·86	
	—1	unchgd	—1	unchgd	

NEW YORK, November 26.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

COTTON :—

Days Receipts at all U. S. Ports ...	50,000
Do. Last year	42,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain ...	25,000
Do. Exports to Continent ...	36,000
Spot Cotton—15-15+ 5	
Futures at New York Dec. 14-85—2	Declined on unfavourable cables & advanced on commission house buying.
Do do Mar. 15-17+1	

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot Cotton	...14 3-4 unchgd
Futures—Month of Dec.	... 14-86+6
Do. do Mar.	... 15-27+6
Closing tone of Futures—Firm.	
Cotton Stock in London—	
Do. Total Visible Supply ...	... 37,90,000
Do. Total Visible Supply East Indian	1,25,000
Do. Quantity in Sight ...	... 56,20,000

LONDON, November 26.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

	Bales.
Total Sales	42,000
Do. Speculation	2,000
Do. Exportation	2,000
Do. Forwarded Consumer ...	124,000
Do. Actual export	4,000
Do. Import of the Week ...	212,000
Do. Stock	658,000
Surat week's Sales	800
Do. Indian Speculation ...	100
Do. Exportation	100
Do. Forwarded Consumers ...	2,200
Do. Actual Exports	100
Do. Week's Imports ...	2,000
Do. Stocks	13,000
Afloat Americans	360,000
Do. Indian	12,000

WHEAT.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Wheat South Australian ...	... 36 1-2
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb.—Sellers.	

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 per cent. ex-ship	... 47 3-4
Do. Months—Nov.-Dec.	
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.	
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.	
Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore 416 lbs 85 per cent. ex-ship	... 46
Do. Months—Nov.-Dec.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.	
Do. Weather Buyers or Sellers etc.—Sellers.	
Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 416 lbs ex-ship	...Mutilated
Tone of Rapeseed—Quiet but steady.	
Linseed—Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship	... 65 3-4
Do. Months—April-May.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.	
Do. Weather Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Sellers.	
Tone of Linseed—Quiet but steady.	
Linseed Argentine—La Plata—	... 62 1-4
Do. Months—Jan.-Feb—Antwerp—Value.	

SUGAR.

German granulated sugar C. and F.	
India double bags.	... 12-3
Months of shipment.—May-Aug.—Sellers.	
Tone of Sugar—Quiet but steady.	

RUBBER.

Para Rubber 6-4 1-2—Value—Steady.

BANK OF BENGAL.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal, for the week ending 22nd Nov. 1910, as compared with the statement of 16th Nov. 1910:—

LIABILITIES.	November 15. Rs.	a.	p.	November 22. Rs.	a.	p.
Capital paid up.	2,00,00,000	0	0	2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund...	1,73,00,000	0	0	1,73,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits, &c ...	1,84,03,912	13	5	1,88,33,374	9	7
Other Deposits, &c ...	16,56,82,620	1	10	16,78,60,419	0	4
Bank Post Bills, &c...	8,19,667	11	9	10,60,655	12	11
Sundries ...	16,82,597	2	7	17,19,427	2	2
Rs...	22,38,88,797	13	7	22,57,73,876	9	0

ASSETS.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Govt. Securities	2,68,75,675	0	0	2,66,79,630	0	0
Other authorized Investments ...	1,00,91,489	0	0	99,27,599	0	0
Loans on Govt. & other authorized Securities	3,68,96,933	0	8	3,96,92,095	3	4
Accounts of Credit on do ...	5,06,95,603	10	10	5,27,79,378	0	4
Bills discounted, &c ...	3,62,38,278	8	0	3,33,41,436	1	4
Balances with other Banks ...	20,83,150	15	1	22,59,385	3	8
Bullion ...	21,68,345	2	11	21,70,700	12	3
Dead Stock.....	11,175	4	0	11,191	6	8
Stamps	62,379	5	6	63,043	14	6
Sundries	16,51,23,029	15	0	16,63,24,459	9	8
Cash, &c., at... Head Office....	5,87,65,767	31	7	5,94,49,416	15	4
Cash, &c., at... Branches	22,38,88,797	31	7	22,57,73,876	9	0

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	
Government Balance Head Office	4,45,200	Increase.
Government Balance at Branches	5,15,738	Decrease.
Other Deposits	16,77,799	Increase.
Post Bills	2,40,988	do.
ASSETS.		
Bank's Investments.....	3,59,935	Decrease.
Loans.....	21,95,162	Increase.
Accounts of Credit	20,83,775	do.
Mercantile Bills	28,56,842	Decrease.
Cash at Head Office	9,51,722	Increase.
Cash at Branches	2,68,078	Decrease.

Percentage 31·54.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for ANNOUNCEMENT of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

WORDSWORTH.—November 27, at Bombay, the wife of C. A. Wordsworth of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

HUTCHESON—GRAHAM—November 26, at the United Free Church of Scotland, Bombay, by the Revd Alexander S Crichton, M A, Simon Thomas Hutcheson of the Bank of Bombay, son of Thomas Hutcheson, Fort William, Inverness, to Angelina Murray, youngest daughter of the late Revd Graham of Balruddrie and Little Raith, Fifeshire, and Mrs Graham, Clairmont, Markinch, Fifeshire.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

FRASER—November 18, at the Staff College, Quetta, the wife of Lt-Col T Fraser, R E, of a son (Bruce Donald).

HOPE—SIMPSON—November 18, at Naini Tal, the wife of J Hope-Simpson, I C S, of a daughter.

HOLME—November 20, at Dharamsala, the wife of Captain A S Holme, Royal Engineers, of a son.

LUARD—November 20, at Nasirabad, the wife of Major C C Luard, Durham Light Infantry, of a daughter.

MALLOCK—November 12, at Deoli, Rajputana, the wife of Lieutenant A R O Mallock, 42nd Deoli Regt, of a son.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Nasik Conspiracy Trial, Bombay High Court, 11 a.m.

Excelsior Cinematograph, at Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8 p.m., 8-30 to 9-30 p.m. and 10 to 11 p.m. To-night, Foolshead Footballer and Foolshead as a Red Cross Volunteer.

Skating Rink : Practice Session, 8 to 9 a.m. Ladies Session, 9 to 10 a.m. ; Evening Sessions, 6 to 8 p.m. ; 9-30 to 11 p.m.

Fillis's Circus, Evening performance, 9-30 p.m.

Maxim: "He who spares when he is young, may spend when he is old."

MILL MANAGER HONOURED.

THE staff of the Bomanji Petit Mill presented an address to Mr. D. A. Wadia, late Manager of the Mill, on the Mill's premises at Jacob's Circle on Saturday, Mr. Bomanji Dinshaw Petit presided and there was a large attendance. Mr Petit congratulated Mr. Wadia on his getting at such an early age the important post of manager of the Manekji Petit Mills. The fact that Mr. Wadia had been promoted to the post of manager of the Manekji Petit Mills converted their feeling of regret which they might have experienced at the severance of his connection with the Bomanji Petit Mill into one of delight. Mr. H. D. Dubash, then read the address, in which reference was made to Mr. Wadia's kindness and courtesy towards his subordinates. The Chairman then presented the address, enclosed in a beautiful casket, together with other presents from the staff to Mr. Wadia amid cheers. Several other gentlemen having spoken, Mr. Wadia, in reply, thanked those present for the honour they had done him that evening and for the handsome presents made to him. A vote of thanks to the Chairman terminated the proceedings.

FILLIS' CIRCUS.

THERE was another big audience at Fillis' Circus on Saturday night, when distinctly the best programme which has been put on during this visit was witnessed. One of the principal events was the final tie in the push—ball tournament, which was played between two local teams. There was an exciting game and the winners, who scored two goals to nil, were afterwards presented with prizes. There were also the usual jumping competitions in connection with the Tally-ho Hunt, which provides a vivid series of exciting scenes, and is a better performance even than the excellent representation of "Dick Turpen", which was put on a week or so ago. It concludes with an exciting ride over fences, in which local ladies and gentlemen are invited to join. There are single, double, treble and high jumps, and on Saturday evening silver cups were given to the owner of the winning horse in the two competitions held during the week. Both prizes went to the same animal, an excellent jumper owned by Mr. Julius Gove.

All the usual items of the programme were included, including several new and very funny clowning acts. This (Monday) evening there will be a jumping match for Rs. 500 a side between two privately owned horses.

This week will be the last six nights and a most entertaining programme has been set out and valuable prizes will be given away.

THAKORE SAHEB OF LIMBDI.

Honoured by Jains.

A MEETING of the Zalawadi Sthanakwersi Jain Sabha of Bombay was held on Saturday afternoon, at the Mooljі Jetha Kapad Market Hall to present an address to His Highness Shri Dolatsinhji Maharaj, Thakore Saheb of Limbdi. The Hon'ble Mr. Justice G. S. Rao occupied the chair.

The Chairman, in opening the proceedings, said that they had met that night to give a hearty welcome to His Highness on the occasion of his present visit to Bombay. Mr. Rao observed that His Highness was one of the most enlightened princes of Kathiawar. After receiving a liberal education he had served in various capacities, and the knowledge thus acquired and the experience gained had proved to be of infinite advantage to His Highness. Since 1908 His Highness was administering his State with conspicuous ability, wisdom and foresight and had devoted special attention to the development of arts, industries and commerce in his State and had given a great impetus to education, both primary and secondary. His Highness had also adopted, Mr. Rao said, a liberal policy in matters religious. His attitude was marked by toleration, sympathy and conciliation. He was told that the people of Limbdi were for the most part Jains, and it was gratifying to note that the Thakore Saheb, though a Vaishnav himself, had been a liberal patron of Jain institutions and was taking a deep interest in the Jain community.

On behalf of the Sabha and on behalf of himself, Mr. Rao welcomed His Highness and wished him health and prosperity.

An address was then presented to His Highness enclosed in a beautiful silver casket.

His Highness, in reply, thanked the Sabha for the great honour done to him. He said he was simply doing his duty, and he thought that it was incumbent on his subjects to point out to him his defects rather than appreciate in a flattering tone some acts which it was his duty to perform. His Highness remarked that he had a mind to make education compulsory in his State, but there were many obstacles in his way, and he was therefore devising a scheme to get out of those obstacles. His Highness added that all the good works that he had done were due to the divine inspiration he was receiving from his late revered father Sir Gasvatsinhji. In conclusion, he again thanked them for the great honour done to him that night. He also thanked Mr. Justice Rao for presiding on the occasion.

His Highness then announced a donation of Rs. 125 to the 'Jain Shravika Shala,' a work-class for poor Jain ladies.

His Highness and the President were then garlanded and the proceedings terminated.

DEPARTURE.

His Highness and followers left on Saturday night for their capital by the Ahmedabad mail. There was a large number of gentlemen present at the Grant Road station to bid God-speed to His Highness. Among those present were: His Highness the Nawab of Palanpur, the Kour Saheb of Palanpur, Kumar Shri Vijaysinhji of Palitana, Mr. Narotam Morarji Goculdass, Mr. N. V. Mandlik, the President of the Jain Sabha and many others,

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT.

ALLEGED BAND OF SEDITIONISTS.

Appeal Court's Judgment.

THE following is the full text of the Bombay High Court's judgment in the appeals of Hari Krishna Tilak, Vinayak Krishna Tilak, Govind Krishna Tilak and Dattatriya Balwant Tilak, who were bound over by Mr. D. Dalsya, First Class Magistrate, East Khandesh, to be of good behaviour for one year.

The facts of this appeal have already appeared in these columns.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor, in delivering his judgment, said : This appeal comes before us in the following circumstances. Proceedings against all the four appellants, who are closely related, were taken before the magistrate under section 110 (f) of the Criminal Procedure Code, and under that clause the magistrate has ordered the appellants to give security for good behaviour on the footing that they are so desparate and dangerous as to render their being at large without security, hazardous to the community. From an order of that description, an appeal regularly lies to the district magistrate, but in this case the district magistrate, feeling himself embarrassed by the past which he himself had taken in the prosecution of these appellants, very properly declined to hear the appeal himself and were transferred it, therefore, to this Court.

There are at the outset three technical objections, which have been raised by Mr. Branson, on behalf of the appellants. It was urged, first that the learned magistrate had no jurisdiction as against the appellants 3 and 4 ; secondly, that the proceedings were bad inasmuch as the appellants were not questioned by the learned magistrate with regard to the circumstances appearing in evidence against them ; and thirdly, that it was not competent to the magistrate to hold a joint inquiry against all the four appellants. I set these objections out, but in my opinion, none of these can succeed.

As to the question of jurisdiction, I am of opinion that the appellants 3 and 4 were residents of Chalisgaon, sufficiently to give the magistrate jurisdiction and in any case any possible defect upon this account could be cured by section 531. Next the proceedings are not, I think, vitiated merely because the learned magistrate failed to question the appellants, though his failure to do so has to some extent embarassed the case for the prosecution in the hands of the learned Government Pleader. The magistrate's omission is in my opinion, cured under section 537, and I am fully satisfied that it did not cause any prejudice whatever to any of the appellants, who through their pleaders put their defence before the Court very fully and completely.

As to the joint trial, I apprehend that that was a matter within the magistrate's discretion, and there are quite sufficient circumstances in this case to enable one to say that the magistrate's discretion was properly exercised in this respect.

MERITS OF THE CASE.

Coming then to the merits of the case, the evidence against all four appellants is not the same, and it seems to me desirable to state very briefly at the outset what is the character of the evidence as against each appellant.

As against appellant No. 1, the prosecution rely upon his alleged preaching of sedition at the shop and the club at Chaligaon, upon his alleged interest in, and his attendance at, a lecture delivered by one Barve, wherein the assassination of Europeans was advocated, upon the letter exhibit 19 which is alleged to have been posted to him by one Pethe; and upon various papers discovered in the search of this appellant's house.

As against the second appellant the prosecution

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

R I M S Dalhousie ...1573 Comdr W Mitchel...R I M
R I M S Lawrence.....Comdr Mill.....R I M
H M S Hyacinth.....Capt J D Dick .....S N Flagsh'p
R I M S Dufferin.....Comdr A J Marsack.....R I M S

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Nov 26.

Australien	Monton	
Banca ...3794	Collyer	P & O S N & Co
Blackmor ...2409	Knolt	
Bombay Maru...3398	Teranaka	N Y Kaisha
Caithness ...2222	Proctor	Graham & Co
Croxteth Hall ...2435	Ogg	K Nixon & Co
Clematis ...3329	Rowlands	
Devanha ...4785	Powell	P & O Co
Elysia ...3994	Haig	Graham & Co
Felicians ...2785	Falck	T Morrison & Co
Harpenden ...2303	Cromack	
Kilbride ...2385	Macfarlane	
Lalanda ...3361	McClelland	M M & Co
Lalpura ...2124	Kilner	M M & Co
Linga ...967	Cutbush	M M & Co
Madura ...1723	Logan	M M & Co
Nizam ...2041	Macgonnell	T Morrison & Co
Noor-el-Bahar ...309	Nakhoda	
Norfolk ...2603	Bulkley	Graham & Co
Onda ...3610	Degge	M McKenzie
Pagestarm ...3160	Fishbeck	W & A Graham & Co
Quirinba ...4937	Smith	M M & Co
Rinaldo ...2791	Pickering	J Finlay & Co
Saifi ...502	Willoughley	B & H S N & Co
Salsette ...2391	Lewellin	P & O Co
Visigoth ...2613	Pile	
Kasura ...505	Elton	M M & Co

Stream

Strombus ...4008	Scott	W & A Graham & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Nov. 26.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents
A Lady Lewis	2146	Provo	Genoa	6 12	J Mackintosh & Co
B Rinaldo	2792	Pickering	Hull	5 12	James Finlay & Co Ld
C&R Trafford Hall	3436	Hood	Liverpool via Karachi	30-11	K Nixon & Co
D & E Chupra	3954	Henderson	Antwerp	5 12	M M & Co
F Avicmoor	2882	Williamson	Mostyn Deeps	3 12	W & A Graham & Co
G Mashtari	1110	Watson	Zanzibar	2 12	B & P S N Co
K Umsinga	1869	Robertson	Middlesborough	3 12	W & A Graham & Co
L Abydos	1939	Smails	Repairing		G Hoosein Kasam & Co
M Cresswell	2002	Buff	N F		W & A G & Co
N Virginia	2789	MacMorran	Baltimore	29 11	R A Willis
O Moorgate	2433	Winsom	Dunkirk	10 12	Killick Nixon & Co
P Rotenfels	3590	Vanfreeden	Hamburg	5 12	W & A Graham & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Tuscany	1872	Swellie	Bhavnagar	26 11	Killick Nixon & Co
3 Dalemoor	2572	Brahu Hall		30 11	W & A Graham & Co
4 Coquet	2865	Sutherland	Dunkirk	10 12	T Morrison & Co
5 Hartlepool	2871	Ward	Manchester	3 12	Ralli Bros
7 Africa	1911	Siberich	Trieste	1-12	Austro Lyod Co
10&11 Oceana	3507	Andrews	London		S & O Co
15 Imogen	2446	Edward	Trieste	3-12	T Morrison & Co

H W P D

Courland	760	Ebrahim	Gulf Port	1-12	Bo S N Co Ld
Saraswati	443	Ebrahim	N F		N F Bo S N Co Ld
Kaveri	553	Dawood	B'nager	23 11	Bo S N Co Ld
Satrunji	547	Esmail	Karachi	26-11	Bo S N Co Ld

M W D D

Persia	4398	Haughton	London	3 12	P & O Co

ARRIVALS.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
26	Bombay Maru	Teranaka	Kobe, Oct 29
	Lalpoora	Kilner	Calcutta, Oct 20
	Linga	Cutbush	Karachi, Nov 24

DEPARTURES.

Nov.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
26	Elysia	Haig	Liverpool, &c
	Tuscany	Swellie	Bhawnagar
	H M S Hyacinth	Dick	Persian Gulf
	Nairung	Corkhill	Calcutta, &c
	Salsette	Lewellin	Aden

The following vessels began to load on Saturday :—
Steamer Lalpoora, for Calcutta, &c.
„ Rinaldo, for Hull.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Ellerman Line steamer City of Vienna homeward bound arrived at Marseilles on the morning of the 24th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS—NOV. 26.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Traford Hall s—45 bales wool, B Hurbham; 18 bales wool, Muconchund Bahia; 42 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Persia s—35 cwts Indian chutneys, D P Batha and Co; 2,100 cwts cottonseed, A Kimjee; 3 bales carpets, A Ludnck; 50 cwts fishmaws, J M Rahimtoola; 54 Indian chutney, Framji Nowroji.

FOR NEW YORK.

Persia s—50 cwts aloes, K N Miani and Co; 4 bales woollen carpets, Latham and Co.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Persia s—263 casks goat skins, Latham and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Chupra s—2,500 tons manganese ore, Killick, Nixon and Co; 880 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

Dalemoor s—50 bales hemp ghatty, Khimji Visram and Co; 310 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Moorgate s—9,313 cwts wheat, Louis Dreyfus and Co.

Cognet s—110 bales cotton, Bamji and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Cognet s—201 cwts mustardseed, John Fachiri; 500 cwts crushed myrabolams, P Jethabhoy; 4,000 cwts rapeseed, and 800 cwts, mustardseed, Volkart Bros; 1,050 cwts mustardseed, Baner and Krause; 400 bales cotton, Prier de Saone and Co; 300 cwts gum, M Jafferbhoy.

FOR TRIESTE.

Imogen s—101 bales cotton, The Swadeshi Mills and Co; 2,001 cwts gingellyseed, John Fachiri; 231 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

Africa s—110 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 182 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 800 pieces deck planks, Bomanji Edulji.

FOR HAMBURG.

Rotenfels s—155 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 150 bales cottonfly, J. C. Tadiwala; 7 bales hemp, Moganlal Mooiji and Co; 888 cwts myrabolam, W Becher.

FOR GENOA.

Avicmoor s—102 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR NAPLES.

Lady Lewis s—2,001 cwts castorseed, C Boggiano and Co.

FOR GNENT.

Rinaldo s—55 bales cottonfly, H E Bode and Sons.

FOR KOBE.

Devanha s—500 bales cotton, Currimbhoy Ebrahim and Co; 400 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR HONGKONG.

Devanha s—1,000 bales twist, Currimbhoy Ebrahim and Co; 225 bales cotton, The Mitsui Bussan Kaisha.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Devanha s—1,000 bales twist, C Ebrahim and Co; 50 bales cotton, The Mitsui Bussan Kaisha.

The British, French, and German groups, in London, have had under discussion, an American proposal that they shall participate in the proposed £10,000,000, 5 per cent. Chinese loan in regard to which the American bankers and the Chinese Government have been in negotiation. The loan is intended for Manchurian development and for currency reform.

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AND
H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., I.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.

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Chester, 125 deg	4 12 2	„ „
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg	4 8 2	„ „
Monkey, 125 deg	4 8 2	„ „
Elephant, 125 deg	4 5 0	per two tins.
„ 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 9 0	per 8 gallons.

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Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

Monday, 28th Nov. 1910.

PLAGUE IN ENGLAND.

THE ill-feeling against rats is still strong in Suffolk, although no new cases among men have been notified or suspected, and no violent outbreak among rats themselves has been reported. It was decided, however, to be careful and to listen to the warning words of persons with plague experience in India or who know the habits of rats, such as Mr. Rider Haggard, who may have no first-hand knowledge of plague, but has made a close study of Nature and her ways in the animal kingdom, he has observed with regret and dismay the enormous increase of vermin, especially of rats and sparrows, in his part of England. It is well known that he is a devoted lover of animals, but he does not forget that the balance of power between Nature's various kingdoms must be maintained. This is upset if vermin get the upper hand and Mr. Rider Haggard, in advising that rats should be killed, does not mind being called a wicked, hard-hearted wretch by those misguided people who object to to keeping them and all useless rodents within reasonable limits. The hawks and owls, whom instinct directed to make war on rats and sparrows have been destroyed, wholesale in the case of the owl, and Mr. Haggard, at a recent agricultural meeting in England warned farmers of the danger, quite distinct from that of the carriage of plague, that if something was not done to reduce the stock of rats and their tribe, it would soon be impossible to grow corn, or useless, for vermin would eat it all. He suggested intelligent inquiry into the action of every new poison; his own effort in this direction resulted unfortunately in the death of three of his cats for whose use the poison was certainly not intended and whose honest business it is to kill rats and mice. A rat which apparently died of plague was found at Hollesley Bay in Suffolk, the labour settlement which has cost the Government scores of thousands of pounds since its establishment. The *Times'* Ipswich correspondent says somewhat cryptically that the animal was examined "in the presence of two gentlemen who were formerly connected with the Indian Plague Commission and, without microscopic examination, they were able at once to see that the rat died of plague." Who the gentlemen were is not further specified nor if they were qualified to define the disease that killed the rat by any other study of plague than having been "connected with the Plague Commission." A little knowledge is made to go a long way in moments of scare and excitement. As usual in emergencies generous men and women came forward to offer wholehearted service to their fellows. Several doctors and nurses volunteered for plague duty and will be ready in case of a visitation.

Mr. A. E. Shipley, F.R.S., offers a full account of the whole rat tribe in a *Times* article by which we are reminded that the *genus mus* is the largest of all the genera forming the mammalia class, and that there are 150 species of rats roaming the world. There are fortunate places supposed to be still free from these pests, as Madagascar. North and South America possessed no indigenous rats until ships brought them there, they have now an ever-growing population of sturdy immigrants. Of the five species peculiar to England, three are really mice, the house, the field and the harvest mouse. Mongolia, according to Blandford, is responsible for originating both the brown and the black rat. But other authorities say the black variety came from India, accompanying the Asiatic hordes as they wandered westwards. He reached Central Europe about the 13th century, but was only known in England in the middle of the 16th. When the brown rats made good their stay in Europe is uncertain, but they crossed the Volga "in troops" in 1727, and went west without delay, reaching England in a couple of years, of course in ships. The coincidence of their arrival with the accession of George II of the House of Hanover led to their being dubbed Hanoverian rats, presumably by the followers of the Stuarts. The brown rat was not long in taking ship to America *via* Antwerp. Last year, 1909, it was detected crossing from the United States into Canada and it was then within 40 miles of the Winnipeg corn-stacks.

The black rat increases at an amazing rate and overstocks its dwellings in no time. When there is not enough food to go round, the community attack and devour one another, but even under this selfish ordinance their numbers rise by leaps and bounds. They are not particular as to diet, anything that agrees with man is good enough for them and they take heavy tall of all they can lay their paws on. They are fairly clever climbers, can go up from room to room or roof and make a safe home their, can climb ships' hawsers and accommodate themselves in odd corners. In some tropical areas, they secure a cunning lodging in the crown of the cocoa-nut tree and find the nuts admirable eating. Barns, granaries, slaughter-houses, river-banks, ditches and sewers are frequented by the brown rat which is by no means so daring and ambitious as his black brother. But he does untold harm to corn-stacks and stores of grain, is as bad as a gipsy in hen-roosts or pigeon-houses, and delights in a rabbit-warren. But even with such a store of choice food at command, the rat feeds largely on garbage and as a result is infested with no fewer than 30 different species of parasites in his coat and 47 in his interior. Thus his life cannot be all joy and perhaps it is this close investment that makes him so shy and so inveterately fond of hiding. All this renders him doubly dangerous as a carrier of disease. He and one of his special fleas, the "pulex cheopsis" have much to answer for in India and China and wherever else plague has been rampant, Mr. Shipley urges the remorseless destruction of both the host and all his guests, and insists that the rat should not get the benefit of any doubt as to his capacity for plague, but he killed at sight and burned immediately after.

MRS. HUMPHREY WARD PLAY CENTRES. makes another appeal for financial help towards maintaining the Evening Play Centres which she has helped to establish for children in London and for the organisation of new ones that are still badly needed. The children of the elementary schools have taken advantage of the opportunities offered them and spend the evening hours before bed time in the rooms where amusing occupations are provided. If this were not so the little ones would in most cases have either to play in the streets or spend the time in the small crowded room where all the work of the home is carried on and where they are more often in the way than not, and treated accordingly. In India it is not easy to imagine the aspect of the winter evenings as they close in on the dingy streets of the East End of London, when darkness, fog or rain make all the neighbourhood seem a dismal dreary waste. Here Mrs. Ward says in spite of the fact that many Evening Play Centres are filled to their utmost capacity, more are wanted to accommodate the multitudes of children between the ages of five and eleven who "have nothing to do but roam the streets hang round the public housesrush in crowds to see a fight or an accident and pick up the habits and language of street loafers" and of the rest of the idlers who abound. What all this leads to in boys and girls it is not difficult to foresee notwithstanding the school teaching so industriously supplied during the day hours of their young lives. Poor parents often have no choice between scooping up the children at home or letting them play in the streets, and the miserable state of the young things cast out after school hours in the cold wet winter nights is pitiable. One London Care Committee, having looked into the circumstances of 100 children from one school, found that 67 of these were looked out of their homes until 7, 8 or 9 o'clock at night, a third of them being under seven years of age. The mothers were mostly wage-earners whose work took them away from home. A play centre was urgently demanded for these children. The London County Council has already lent 13 manual training centres free of cost for cleaning, lighting and heating. The Play Centres Committee turns into each of these a proper staff of play-leaders and handwork teachers with a supply of toys and material. The place is then well started, and before long children troop in and spend happy, useful, healthy hours there. Mrs. Ward gives abundant evidence in her appeal, of the good done by this new use of the school buildings. The play is more humanising in many cases than the deliberate school teaching. In the 16 Centres now open their is a weekly attendance of 40,000 children. Each full centre—with 1,000 on the rolls—open five evenings a week and on Saturday mornings for ten months costs £250 a year, given adequate supervision and a reasonable variety of occupation for the children. There are many voluntary helpers, but the work cannot be maintained without paid superintendents, and again Mrs. Ward begs that those who draw their wealth from London will help to rescue the hordes of young school children who swarm in the London streets in the evenings. Truly civilisation has its difficulties. Mothers, as well as fathers, are driven to work hard under the stress of competition, the children go to school to be fitted for the battle of life which, by the time they are ready to enter the field, promises to be more uncertain than ever. They quit the school premises at a fixed hour, custom having settled that they have had a sufficiency of instruction for the day. They find home shut to them by the absence of their parents who are at work to keep the family fed, and a roof over their heads. Care Committees and benevolent persons then take up the ball and combine forces to fill the place of the hard-worked parents until these are at leisure to resume charge of their offspring, give them supper and put them in bed. It seems very like working in a vicious circle, society creating disabilities and unhappy economic conditions and then trying by superhuman effort to improve them. That the effort is well-intended does not prove that the situation it is meant to save is the outcome of national wisdom. Quite the contrary.

THE SHIPYARD LOCK-OUT. THIS week's mail papers bring graphic narratives of the distress, which was being caused by the Shipyard lock-out, and the severity of this may be judged by the announcement that one of the companies affected was opening a soup-kitchen at their yard "for the benefit of all the labourers and other workmen who were employed by them before the lock-out, and are not receiving relief from any other source." The soup-kitchen was to be kept open until work was resumed, and the fact is significant also as showing that during a long and bitter struggle it is still possible for employers and workmen—or at least some of them—to preserve the kindliness of their personal relations unimpaired. The mail left just after the rejection by the Boilermakers' Society, of the projected agreement, and there then seemed a probability of a long struggle, the hardships of which at the moment were being more acutely felt on account of a cold spell of weather. Added to this there was the prospect, that the men's society might be forced to stop their lock-out pay. "The stoppage of work," wrote the correspondent of the *Manchester Guardian*, "has now lasted for almost ten weeks, and up to the end of this week the lock-out will have cost the General Federation no less than £36,000, and as the men's own executive have also paid 5s. per week, the total cost in benefits alone has been £72,000. This, of course, takes into account no loss in wages or in the large administrative expense of working the Boilermakers' Society in a time of such great strain." It was regarded as highly probable that the Federation of Trade Unions would have to give the Boilermakers' Society notice that their benefit would cease at the time allowed by their rules,—on a fortnight's notice after payment had been made for twelve weeks,—and also that the Executive Council of the Society would not attempt to raise funds with which to pay the Society's own benefits, especially as since the men had rejected the advice of the Executive, they could not claim benefit. "The Executive," the same correspondent continued, "can raise money only in one or two ways. They may realise a number of their investments—railway shares, for example—but they can do so only at a very heavy loss. They bought when shares were dear, and if they were to realise, they might obtain only about 60 per cent. of the original cost of their holdings. They might also borrow money on the security of their investments, but this also would be an expensive process, probably as expensive as the other. The Executive seem therefore to be bound to the alternative of stopping the distribution of look-out pay." Should the Executive be forced to this extreme course it will certainly expose the men and their families to very great privations during the month of December, and it will probably go a long way towards bringing them to their senses. At the same time, as the men have refused the advice of the Federation, they will have no ground for complaint if the latter withdraw their assistance. Whether supposing the men gave in before Christmas, they would have an opportunity of resuming work at once was a matter which when the mail left was then uncertain. But even the men themselves regarded it as probable that the employers with the object of saving establishment charges and administrative expenses would close their yards during the month of December, when the days are shortest, and reopen after the New Year holidays if the dispute was then over. Thus every view of the situation seemed to emphasise the futility of the men's further resistance.

HIS EXCELLENCY the Governor of Bombay will perform the opening ceremony of the Salvation Army King Edward Industrial Home and Employment Bureau, on Wednesday next at 5-30 p. m. (S. T.) at Clare Road (the old Adelphi Hotel,) Byculla.

ARRANGEMENTS are being made for a big game shoot for the German Crown Prince in the Mirzapore jungles.

THE marriage arranged between Mr. Malcolm N. Hogg and Miss Lorna Beaman will take place at St. Thomas' Cathedral, Bombay, on Tuesday, December 20th.

SIR N. G. CHANDAVARKAR has accepted the Presidentship of the Theistic Conference which will be held in Allahabad during Christmas week.

MR. L. M. PARLETT I. C. S., 2nd Grade Divisional Judge, who is at present officiating as Additional Judge of the Chief Court, has been promoted to the rank of Divisional Judge, 1st Grade.

IN Friday's "Burma Gazette" appear the names of twenty-one Indian publications which have been forfeited to the Government. Thirteen of these are printed at Baroda.

THE death took place on Monday, Oct. 31, at Mervyn, Enniskerry, co Wicklow, of Major Richard Eyre Goold-Adams, late of the Highland Light Inf., after a long and painful illness. Born in 1856, he was the third son of the late Richard Wallis Goold-Adams, of Jamesbrook, co. Cork, and one of five brothers who adopted the military profession. Sir Hamilton Goold-Adams is his younger brother. He passed through Sandhurst, receiving his first commission in June 1874, and on being appointed to the 74th Highlanders he joined that regiment at Malta. After serving with his regiment at Singapore, Hong-Kong, and at Plymouth, he became a probationer for the Indian Staff Corps in 1879; and while attached to the 8th Bombay Native Infantry he saw service in Afghanistan under General Phayre, and was present at the relief of Kandahar. Owing to his being invalided from India he rejoined the 74th Highlanders, and with that regiment took part in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir, where his conspicuous gallantry caused him to be recommended for the Victoria Cross by Sir Archibald Alison, commanding the Highland Brigade. In 1888 he was appointed an instructor at the Royal Military College, Sandhurst, and in 1891 he resigned his commission in the Army and become Secretary to the same institution. He held this office until April 1906, when he resigned and settled in Ireland.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

TSAR AND KAISER.

French Cabinet Prospects.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, Nov. 12.

LAST night the Tsar brought his visit to Potsdam, which had lasted little more than thirty-six hours, to a close, and returned to Wolfgarten, in Hesse. The Emperor William, who was accompanied by his sons, saw his guests off from the Wildpark Station, remaining on the platform gazing at the retreating train till it had disappeared into the darkness. M. Sasonoff delayed his departure, and on Saturday, a dinner party is being given in his honour by the Chancellor. Though there will be thus further opportunities for an exchange of views between the gentlemen entrusted with the control of the foreign policies of the two countries, the Governmental newspaper in Berlin is already able to sum up the results attained by the Tsar's brief visit, which it does in the following words: "The meeting of their Majesties the German Emperor and the Emperor of Russia has, as was to be expected, borne a very cordial and friendly character in all its details. It has afforded an opportunity for repeated discussion between the Sovereigns and German and Russian statesmen, and for the exchange of ideas on political things satisfactory to both sides. Between the two Empires, so large and with interests so manifold and widely ramified as Germany and Russia, differences of opinion can arise quite naturally on individual points. Such deviating views have, however, no dominating importance on German and Russian relationships. The essential point in the relationship of the two great neighbouring Empires is, on the contrary, to be found in the fact that any difficulties and misunderstandings that may crop up can be removed by direct personal intercourse, and by discussion between the two rulers and their Ministers. Without having introduced innovations into the political system of Europe, which from the outset were contemplated from neither the German nor the Russian side, the latest meeting of the German Emperor and the Emperor Nicholas must be appreciated from the point of view indicated above. The after-effects of the latest meeting of the monarchs may, however, be expected to make their influence felt in the direction of the promotion of the general pacific policy."

The "Berliner Tageblatt" learns that the long consultation which the two Foreign Secretaries had at Potsdam has resulted in a "gratifying clearing up of the political situation," and that M. Sasonoff has made a "very good impression." The Tsar visited the mausoleum at Friedenskirche, in the grounds of the Palace, and placed wreaths on the tombs of the Emperor and Empress Frederick. Their Majesties dined en famille, and after the repast a cinematograph entertainment was given in the bijou theatre of the Palace. The programme was selected by the Emperor William. Most of the items represented recent events from his own life. They included scenes from his this year's visits to Hungary and Dantzig, and his recent Norwegian cruise in the Hohenzollern.

KAISER AND AUSTRIA.

In Vienna, on Wednesday evening, the Socialist deputies found occasion in the Austrian Delegations during a debate upon Austro-Hungarian foreign policy to make bitter attacks upon Kaiser Wilhelm, The Socialist leader, Dr. Renner, supported by the lively approbation of his party colleagues, stigmatised the "nervous and provocatory manner" of the Kaiser as compromising to the Triple Alliance in Europe. He declared that the German Kaiser forms an element of disquietude in the world, and his "declamatory policy" caused uneasiness in Europe, and brought Germany's allies into danger. "We man undertake to answer for the peaceable intentions of the Triple Alliance, but not for the impossible speeches of the German Emperor." Count Aehrenthal replied by observing that it is to the intervention of Kaiser Wilhelm that the maintenance of peace was indebted.

The attack of the Socialistic party upon the Kaiser was renewed at next day's sitting of the Delegations. The Delegate Nemec commenced by sharply criticising Count Aehrenthal's speech of yesterday, in which he had "almost represented Kaiser Wilhelm as the preserver of European peace." M. Nemec continued: It has been said that the German Kaiser affords by his speeches a guarantee of peace. The contrary is, however, true. By his continual journeys and his speeches he is a source of disquietude and danger of war. And when he leans upon Austria he does it, not from lovee, but because by his policy he has quite isolated Germany, and is now in a position to meet a general attack. A still greater impression was made by the remarks of the well-known Czech leader, Dr. Kramarz, whose discloser with regard to to Russia and Germany showed the German assistance during the annexation crisis in quite a new light. Dr. Kramarz declared that he did not understand why it was asserted now so emphatically in Germany that Austria-Hungary owed gratitude to that country. Quite another view of the matter was taken in Russia: I have now been a considerable time in Russia, and heard in Conservative circles that Germany rescued Russia from war with Austria. Russia neither would nor could carry out a war. From whom, then, has Germany rescued us? Perhaps from Servia! Nowhere more then in Russia does a disinclination against war exist. It was, therefore, neither necessary nor politically wise to exhibit so much gratitude to Germany. I pity the fate of Count Aehrenthal. He has barred the way for us to England and France, and an improvement in our relations to Russia can only be effected through Berlin. The speaker concluded by saying that he should vote against the Foreign Office Budget.

After Dr. Kramarz, the Czech Delegate, M. Udozal, observed that since the annexation Austria was more than ever towed along in the wake of her powerful ally. He said:—Our ally to whom gratitude is due will often convince himself whether we are really grateful. That may be, perhaps, the reason why he so often visits us. He comes and speaks to an audience which would rather hear something of cheaper provisions than of high politics. He ignores two-thirds of the Austrian population, all non-Germans, and then travels further. Ancient Rome knew also a Kaiser who liked admiration and admired himself, who appeared in different artistic poses as singer, poet and actor, and as they did not care for him at Rome he travelled in his provinces, and was continually admired in Greece. All this is human, and therefore comprehensive, but whether it advantages us is a question.

FRENCH CABINET PROSPECTS.

Ministerial crises tend to the weakening of the authority of a Government, as people who have some interest in so doing are apt to make light of it when they begin to expect that its members may retire at any moment. For this reason it is to be hoped that M. Briand's new combination may have a fair lease of life, the more so as the Prime Minister has proved himself to be an energetic statesman, and she sole alternative appears to be a return to the "bloc" of unhappy memory. It is true that M. Briand's majority was much smaller yesterday than that which he obtained on Oct. 30. But all the same, eight-six is a fair figure, and when it is born in mind that the issue at stake was somewhat confused, and that personal prejudice exercised an influence on several groups, the chances are that many deputies who pronounced against the Ministry will rally to its support whenever some important question is referred with due precision to Parliament.

After all, the worst that can be said of M. Briand when he brought about the resignation of the late Cabinet, is that he erred through excess of zeal. As a matter of fact, there would not appear to be any particular reason for his determination to apply for more authority in dealing with the railway men and the employes in the public services. Although M. Briand may not have had time to form an accurate estimate of the situation at the moment when the railway strike came to a termination, it is now perfectly evident that the agitation has received its death blow, and that all the efforts of ringleaders to excite the men to a fresh effort are foredoomed to failure. France will not see a repetition of this railway strike for many a year, if she ever does. The men have been taught a bitter lesson, and no amount of incitement and misrepresentation will arouse them. The respectable railwaymen—and they form the large majority—are disgusted with the acts of sabotage, which were logically attributed to them, and as they have found themselves in dubious company they will be more careful in future. At any rate, whether M. Briand erred or not through excess of zeal, he could comfort himself with the reflection that he had all the steady-going portion of the nation behind him. The country at large is on his side, and many of the deputies who indulged yesterday in their little demonstration when the votes were taken will be only too glad to return to him, since regard for the feelings and views constituents is the first consideration in the mind of the average legislator, who never forgets that he will again be appealing to them when the term of his mandate is over.

EX-SHAH OF PERSIA IN VIENNA.

The ex-Shah of Persia, Mohammed Ali, arrived in Vienna quite unexpectedly from Odessa, where he lately took up his residence. No one had received any intimation of the intended visit except one Persian living in Vienna, who on Tuesday evening engaged a suite of ten rooms for the ex-Shah at the Park Hotel, near the Schonbrunn Palace. Among the suite of Mohammed Ali were his wife with two attendants, two young sons, one daughter, two military dignitaries, a doctor, courier, and several servants. The ex-Shah entered his name and description in the Hotel book as: "Mohammed Ali, private person, Teheran." He will spend a week here. His journey and the political intentions connected with it have been explained at the Persian Legation, a member of which declared: "We are entirely surprised by the visit of Mohammed Ali especially as he had in his agreement with the Persian Government bound himself not to leave Russia." It is said that he obtained leave for the journey on account of his health, which necessitated a stay in the Riviera. It can, however, be safely accepted that his journey is associated with political aims. Already at Odessa he conspired against the present Persian Government, and when he now leaves his place of exile there is no doubt that he is planning a blow against the existing regime. Mohammed Ali has left Odessa by permission of the Russian Government. Doubtless his coup against the Persian Government has been previously arranged in Russia. Either in Paris or the Riviera he will meet his uncle Zill-es-Sultan, with whom he was in constant communication while at Odessa. In the "Neue Freie Presse," the well-known Orientalist, Professor Vambery, expresses similar views. He says that from his knowledge of the circumstances it appears that Mohammed Ali means to upset the plans of Nasr-el-Mulk, and he continues: Mohammed Ali has still quite an important party in Persia. Even at Nedschef, the most sacred of the resorts of the Schiites, many of his adherents desire to restore him to the throne, to counteract Anglo-Russian intervention. That Russia stands behind Mohammed Ali I have no hesitation in affirming. The evening papers publish interviews with the personages who arrived in the entourage of the ex-Shah. According to their opinion, no political schemes are associated with Mohammed Ali's journey. His intention, they believe, is shortly to return to Russia, which he has left in full understanding with the Russian Government. They declare that Mohammed Ali will not visit Paris, neither will he meet his uncle, Zill-es-Sultan, who, in reality, is hostile to his ambitions. A semi-official communique from Russia, in the "Politische Correspondez," flatly contradicts the idea that Mohammed's journey has a political tinge. The assumption that an inclination exists on the Russian side to support any of the political projects of Mohammed Ali is entirely disowned in Russian circles here. While Mohammed Ali proceeds, with his male attendants, direct to France, his Consort, with her female followers, goes from Vienna to Mecca, and will board an Austrian Lloyd steamer at Trieste.

MAYOR AND VATICAN.

The Clerical Press in Rome strongly attacks Signor Nathan, the Mayor of Rome, with reference to his letter to the Mayor of Montreal, protesting against the vote of censure passed by the Common Council of Montreal, on Signor Nathan's recent speech, criticising the Vatican. The Clerical organs declare that the Common Council of Montreal, a city which is three parts Roman Catholic, was fully entitled to pass a vote of censure on Signor Nathan, as the text of his speech was known throughout the world, shortly after it was delivered. The "Corriere d'Italia" says that Signor Nathan's letter inspires more pity than anger, as he appears to forget the most elementary rules of courtesy. The text of Signor Nathan's letter is as follows: Mr. Mayor,—"By means of the foreign press I have learned of the censured passed upon me by the Common Council of Montreal, which has not been communicated to me by you; and I hasten to offer my apologies to the illustrious Assembly for having thought, in my broad conception of human justice, that you and your colleagues would be capable, notwithstanding the behests of your pastor, of suspending judgment on the case until you had examined the text of the discourse which you were ordered by him to blame." Undoubtedly, Mr. Mayor, you fully deserve the honour of your high office. Through your energy, Montreal and its Common Council, have become shining solitary examples of dogmatic zeal among nations, among towns, aye, among councils, thereby shedding the garb of "common" to arise "uncommon." They stand alone in overstepping the bounds of their civic mission, and in boldly bestowing their meed of praise or blame, without regard to international law and international custom, upon functionaries with whom they have nothing whatever to do, and who are utterly indifferent to their grotesque and meddlesome utterances. I can only hope that such exceptional conduct may meet with merited reward in the current coin of the limited sphere in which you move, and be recorded in your civic annals as an unexampled instance of judgment passed by a self-erected tribunal in default of knowledge, right, and commonsense. Notwithstanding, I have still the honour to be Mr. Mayor, E. Nathan, Mayor of Rome.

P. S.—In view of the possibility that you are not acquainted with our language, and that your spiritual pastor will not intervene to assist

THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

EARLY PROROGATION OF PARLIAMENT.

"Liberal Plan, no Final Solution."

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Nov. 25.

The House of Commons held a formal sitting to-day, and then adjourned until mid-day on Monday, when Parliament will be prorogued and dissolved.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

The political campaign has begun in earnest. Speeches were delivered by prominent members of both sides, last evening, the Liberals demanding fair play, the Conservatives denouncing Home Rule and Single-Chamber Government, and emphasising the importance of the Unionists being in power at the time of the Imperial Conference.

The chief speakers were Mr. Asquith at Hull, and Lord Lansdowne at Glasgow.

"Tories' Crude Scheme."

Mr. Asquith said that the country would be worse off under the crude and complex reform scheme of the Tories than it was under the present utterly intolerable system, because there would be a permanent Tory Chamber with a continuance of deadlocks. He protested against making the referendum an integral part of the constitution, as it would destroy the basis of representative Government. The Liberal plan did not claim to be a final solution, but it was necessary to real progress. Their efforts in the cause of self-government for Ireland would have the sympathy of the Dominions.

Lord Lansdowne said that out of 230 Liberal measures introduced within four years, the House of Lords had only rejected six, and those solely for the purpose of consulting the people. He complained that the Government were abusing the House of Lords, but were not touching the question of reform. The Veto Bill was an enormity, removing the barrier from Extremist legislation. He denounced Home Rule.

Tariff Reform and India.

Mr. Bonar Law, speaking at Manchester, said he could never understand the assertion that Tariff Reform would interfere with the Indian market for cotton goods. A system of preference would be of enormous advantage to India and to ourselves. We ought to try to remove the excise duties in India, and the duties on British cotton, only taxing foreign cotton manufacturers. He admitted that, perhaps, the financial necessities of India would make this difficult to arrange, but he emphatically denied that Tariff Reform would increase the cost of cotton production.

Mr. Churchill, speaking at Manchester, said he watched with close attention and constant amusement the efforts of gentlemen who came to Manchester to preach the advantages of a tariff. Why should Mr. Bonar Law oppose the duty on raw cotton if the foreigner paid the duty, especially as cotton came from America, whence dollars came.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

He was glad that the force of public opinion had at length penetrated aristocratic craniums. It was the duty of the electors to keep the Lords on the run.

Sir Edward Carson, speaking at Liverpool, said that if Mr. Asquith was not careful, there would be, perhaps, a real and not a figurative war.

Mr. T. P. O'Connor, speaking at Camberwell, said he was sorry he had not brought more dollars from Canada, which wanted Ireland to have self-government.

Duke on Mr. Lloyd George.

The Duke of Marlborough, speaking at Woodstock, said that when Mr. Lloyd-George was his guest there three years ago, he thought him a gentleman. He had since, however, reverted from the type. He denounced him as a sham poor man wallowing in luxury, and stirring up class-hatred by unsavoury and cowardly invective.

"What Ireland Wants."

LONDON, Nov. 26.

Mr. Redmond contributes to *Nash's Magazine*, this month, an article on what Ireland wants. This, he explains, is an Irish Parliament, with an executive responsible to it, charged with the management of purely Irish affairs, leaving to the Imperial Parliament, in which Ireland will be represented in smaller numbers than now, all Imperial affairs.

Dr. O'Donnell, of Melbourne, has remitted to Mr. Redmond £300 from Victoria. He says that Irish Australians are delighted with the prospects.

Enthusiastic Liberal Meetings.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Mr. Lloyd George is holding a series of meetings in Edinburgh, the enthusiasm equalling that shown during Mr. Gladstone's campaigns. There were 20,000 applicants for seats for a meeting in the King's Theatre yesterday.

Mr. Lloyd George said that Scotsmen were proverbially shrewd, but the House of Lords declared that they were unfit for self-government. He further dwelt on the House of Lords' rejection of Scottish measures. The institution of the referendum would be most costly and would mean crushing the Democracy with gold. He ridiculed the Peers' groundless fears of attacks on property, instancing the revolution in Portugal to show that civilisation did not endanger property. It was proverty, not property, that required defence.

Mr. William Redmond, on his arrival at Cork, was received with processions with bands and illuminations. In a speech, he declared that he was confident of ousting Mr. O'Brien.

Mr. Churchill and the Suffragettes.

Mr. Churchill, speaking at Bradford, dwelt exclusively with the House of Lords, and said that a providential accident had prevented them from interfering in the South African settlement.

Many male Suffragists were ejected from the meeting, one of them having his legs broken.

As Mr. Churchill was entering the train on his return to London, a male suffragist, armed with a dog-whip, attacked him, exclaiming "Take that, you cur!" Two detectives accompanying Mr. Churchill parried the blow and overpowered the Assistant after a violent struggle.

Three women attempted to assault Mr. Churchill on his arrival at King's Cross, but were prevented by detectives.

LONDON, Nov. 25.

A cable in correction of Friday's message says that a suffragette was sentenced to two months' without hard labour, and adds that altogether fourteen suffragettes were given two months' imprisonment.

Labour Candidates.

LONDON Nov. 27.

There will be 57 Labour candidates in the forthcoming election.

A flood of oratory was let loose yesterday.

Mr. Victor Grayson will be the Socialist candidate for Kensington at the impending election. In a speech opening his campaign, he described Lloyd George as being a convert to Socialism.

Duty on Wheat.

Mr. Bonar-Law, speaking at Manchester, pledged himself not to support any Government, which proposed to increase the duty on wheat beyond two shillings a quarter without consulting the people.

Mr. F. E. Smith, R. C., at Burnley said that Tariff Reform was the doctrine of Commonsense.

Lord Hugh Cecil, at Burnley, declared that the House of Commons was merely a party machine governed by the Extremists.

Mr. O'Brien at Cork said that the General Election would be indecisive, and would result in another conference.

BAGDAD RAILWAY AND GERMANY.

Terminus to be on Persian Gulf.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

The *Koelnische Zeitung* learns from a Turkish source that at the request of Germany it has been decided that the terminus of the Bagdad railway shall be on the Persian Gulf.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY ON SHIPS.

Austrian Government's Precedent.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

Reuter wires from Vienna that a Government order requires all ships going beyond Gibraltar or Aden to be fitted with wireless telegraphy apparatus.

FEARFUL FIRE IN NEW YORK.

Many Shop Girls Lose their Lives.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

There were from thirty to forty fatalities in a fire which broke out yesterday in a business tenement in Newark, New Jersey. Panic-stricken work-girls jumped though the windows. Only about a third of the number were caught in the life-nets.

A score of bodies were found huddled up at a window. The fire-escapes proved useless.

THE MISSING S. S. "ABHONA."

Wreckage Found.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

No news has been received of the missing British India Company's s.s. "Abhona." Shipping Circles are very pessimistic as to her fate.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Reuter wires from Gijon (Spain) that a fishing boat has encountered, off the coast, flotsam belonging to the "Abhona."

CRIPPEN'S PROTESTED INNOCENCE.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

In a letter written on the eve of his execution, Crippen protested his innocence.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

The death is announced of Rev. Robert Flint, late Professor at Edinburgh University.

The death is also announced of Thomas Humber, a pioneer of the Cycle Trade.

[The Rev. Robert Flint, D.D., LL. D., F. R. S. E., was born in Dumfriesshire in 1838. He was educated at Glasgow University between the years 1852-9 and afterwards was for three years Parish Minister, at East Church, Aberdeen, and then for two years at Kilconquhar. From 1864-76 he was Professor of Moral Philosophy and Political Economy, St. Andrew's University; Baird Lecturer, 1876-7; Stone Lecturer, Princetown, U. S. A., 1880; Croall Lecturer, Edinburgh, 1887-8 and Professor of Divinity, Edinburgh University from 1876 to 1903. He was the author of several philosophical and religious books.]

PERSIAN AFFAIRS.

Conflict with the Turks.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Nov. 25.

Reuter wires from St. Petersburg that the *Novoye Vremya* denounces the short-sightedness displayed at the recent meeting of business men in Moscow, who objected to the junction at Baghdad of the Persian railways and protested against the railway across Persia to India. The journal declares that foreign commercial advance in Persia is inevitable, and urges Russia to utilise the respite in strengthening her position by constructing railways in the Russian sphere.

The Ex-Shah's Pension.

LONDON, Nov. 25.

Sir Edward Grey, replying to a question as to the despatch of representatives from the British and Russian Legations to press for the payment of the ex-Shah's pension, with instructions to wait until it was paid, said it was in accordance with Persian custom.

The allegation that the ex-Shah had intrigued with a Turcoman tribe was, so far as he was aware, not proved. If it were true, it was conduct inconsistent with the continued payment of the pension.

Landing of Russian Troops Rumoured.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

Reuter wires from Teheran that six hundred Russian troops are reported to have landed at Enzeli and to be en route for Kazvin. Opinion is gaining ground among diplomatists that the Russian occupation is assuming a character of permanency.

BRAZILIAN MUTINY ENDED.

Sailors' Demands Granted.

LONDON, Nov. 25.

Reuter wires from Rio de Janeiro that Congress has voted an amnesty, and the mutineers have surrendered.

The Government has granted their demands for the abolition of corporal punishment and for larger crews. The men will consequently have less work.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

Reuter wires from Rio de Janeiro that the Chamber only agreed to an amnesty after a protracted and excited debate, the Deputies almost coming to blows.

The mutineers have sent a wireless message to the Government expressing repentance. They are bringing in the warships in order to surrender. New commanders have been appointed.

Rio de Janeiro is resuming its habitual calm.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Reuter wires from Rio de Janeiro that the mutineers on the dreadnoughts have surrendered and the officers have resumed command.

THE OPIUM TRAFFIC.

Assembly Want Drastic Measures.

LONDON, Nov. 25.

Reuter wires from Peking that the Assembly, to-day, unanimously passed a resolution in favour of applying, to the full, measures against opium, and deprecating the renewal of the agreement with Britain.

Triumph Over Grand Council.

LATER.

The Assembly is still sitting, and is adopting a most independent and liberal attitude. It has triumphed over the Grand Council, which recently shelved its proposals, by threatening to impeach it. The Assembly has now resolved to memorialise the Throne, demanding that it shall either make the Council responsible to the people, or that it shall create a regular Cabinet.

ORDER RESTORED IN MEXICO.

LONDON, Nov. 24.

Senor Madero, leading the Mexican revolutionists at Guerro, was wounded. He fell from his horse and was carried to the rear. The rebels then withdrew.

ENGLISH RACING.

Result of Manchester November Handicap.

LONDON, Nov. 25.

In the probable starters for the Manchester November Handicap, Donoghue will ride Highness instead of William Griggs, as stated in Friday's cable.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

The following is the result of the Manchester November Handicap:—

Valet	1
Anchora	2
Accurate	3

Eighteen ran.

The race was won by four lengths, with half a length between second and third. Omitting Old China and Riverina, the starters were identical with the probables. Merry Task got most smartly away, Toy Shop, Chestnut, Pure Gem, Anchora, Highness and Atty following. They disappeared in the fog, and later Valet emerged, leading Anchora and Accurate. Tweedle Dum was fourth.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

In the Manchester November Handicap, the betting at the start was 9 to 1 against Valet, 100 to 8 against Anchora and 9 to 1 against Accurate.

DUKE OF CONNAUGHT IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Laying Foundation Stone of Union Buildings.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Nov. 27.

The Duke and Duchess of Connaught yesterday laid the foundation stone of the new Union Administration Buildings and were enthusiastically cheered. Mr. Johan Rissik, the Administrator, entertained their Royal Highnesses to luncheon, at which numerous representatives of the English and Dutch Communities were present.

EDUCATION IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Debate in House of Assembly.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

Reuter wires from Cape Town that a long and exhaustive debate took place to-day on the education question.

Mr. Hertzog made a conciliatory speech, but strongly defended the Orange River Colony Act.

Ultimately General Botha made a strong appeal for co-operation for the purpose of allaying the agitation. He moved that a Select Committee be appointed to go into the whole question.

Dr. Jameson heartily approved of the proposal, which was carried unanimously.

DEBATE IN THE REICHSTAG.

Divine Right the Topic.

LONDON, Nov. 26.

There was a full-dress debate to-day in the German Reichstag on a Socialist interpellation, censuring the Kaiser for his recent utterance, regarding Divine Right.

Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the Imperial Chancellor, vigorously defended His Majesty. He affirmed that the Prussian Constitution knew nothing of the sovereignty of the people. Prussian Kings, in their relation to the people, were Kings in their own right. Party leaders, except extreme Radicals, supported Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg.

BOXING MATCH AT SAN FRANCISCO.

LONDON, Nov. 27.

Reuter writes from San Francisco that in boxing match yesterday, Owen Moran knocked out Battling Nelson in the eleventh round.

INDIAN NATIONAL CONGRESS.

Arrangements Progressing.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 26.

The Congress arrangements are progressing and the secretaries of the Reception Committee, Pundit Baldeoram Dave and Munshi Iswar Saran, are devoting a great deal of time to the work. The delegates will be accommodated in tents and suitable wooden huts. A pandal is under construction and is expected to be completed by December 15. The pandal will have twenty-five sides being the Twenty-fifth Congress, one side representing one session. It is proposed to decorate the twenty-four sides with the portraits of past presidents, and the twenty-fifth or central side, will have the portrait of the King Emperor. The Committee has engaged a large and commodious house for the President-elect. The election of delegates in these and other provinces has begun, and, it is expected that the sessions will be very largely attended. Representatives of the Reception Committee have visited many districts in these provinces. The rules relating to visitors, volunteers and Press reporters have been published.

THE U. P. EXHIBITION.

English Prizes for Poultry.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 26.

The National Poultry Club of England have granted one silver and two bronze medals for competition at the Poultry Show during the United Provinces Exhibition. Their object in making these awards is to invite the attention of poultry fanciers in India to the existence of the English Club and to encourage the formation of recognised Poultry Associations in India affiliated to the National Poultry Club. The silver medal will be given for the best pair of birds in the Show and a bronze medal for the best male bird, and the other for the best female bird.

In connection with the wrestling display at the United Provinces Exhibition, Mr. Sands, of the United Provinces Police, himself a wrestler of repute, will be in charge of the arrangements. A large amphitheatre is provided for the purpose. At the display, almost all the expert wrestlers have a hand, and an interesting Show is anticipated. Furthermore Gama, the Lahore wrestler, who has recently paid a visit to England and came out with a brilliant record, is one of the many champions for the contention of the All-India Championship.

CONDITION OF THE HUGLI.

Investigation to be Made.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 26.

Nearly a year ago, it was decided to hold a special investigation extending over a period of one year, by Dr. Pearse and Major Clemeshat, Municipal Laboratory, to arrive at a definite knowledge of the condition of the Hugli under normal circumstances. The enquiry will be completed by the end of February next and a final report of the subject will be ready within a month from the date.

WITH the approval of the Government of India, the Lieutenant Governor of the Punjab has sanctioned the constitution of the circle of superintendence in the Irrigation Branch, Punjab, called the Project Circle with headquarters at Lahore.

LORD HARDINGE AND CALCUTTA AFFAIRS.

The Housing of the Poor.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 26.

His Excellency, Lord Hardinge, replying to the Calcutta Municipal Corporation, made a sympathetic reference to the development of local self-government, and said that the successful administration of Calcutta was a sure test of its efficiency. He welcomed the Calcutta Improvement Trust, and hoped that decent and sanitary dwellings for the poor would be provided. He spoke of the King-Emperor's coming visit and forcasted that His Majesty might find time to visit Calcutta after the Delhi Durbar.

The Chairman and Commissioners of the Calcutta Corporation waited upon His Excellency the Viceroy at noon to-day and presented an address of welcome. After offering a most loyal and heartfelt welcome, the address dwelt on Municipal activity and the development of the city of Calcutta, and hoped that the Improvement Trust would place Calcutta in the foremost rank among the capital cities of the world. Commissioners are confident that the Reform Scheme initiated by Lord Minto would, with His Excellency's fostering care to nurture it, in time become an indissoluble bond of mutual trust and equality between the rulers and the ruled.

VICEROY'S REPLY.

His Excellency, the Viceroy, in replying to the address from the Calcutta Municipal Corporation, said:—

"Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Corporation of Calcutta,—I thank you sincerely for the cordial welcome that you have so kindly extended to Lady Hardinge and myself, on behalf of the citizens of this capital, amongst whom we look forward with pleasure to the prospect of residing. I felt confident that Lady Hardinge will win her own way to the hearts of your wives and daughters, and it is my hope that in doing my duty according to my lights in the responsible office to which I have been called, I may be able to retain those friendly feelings towards me with which your address is inspired. I have always taken pride in my hereditary connection with India, but I shall have been less than human, had I not been deeply stirred by the kindly references to my grandfather's services which have so constantly been made since I landed on your shores, and I pray that I may be given strength, courage and wisdom to hand on untarnished the name he left behind. I have seen something of your busy streets, I have heard of your great industries and teeming population, and I can conceive no more searching test of the efficiency of local self-government, than the administration of this vast and ever-increasing city. You would not thank me for the flattering words spoken without knowledge, but it is no small task that you have in hand, and if you are able to bring to it a high ideal and single-minded devotion to the welfare of the community you represent, allowing no selfish motive ever to influence your actions, then, indeed, you are fulfilling a high standard of citizenship. I am glad to hear of the proposed formation of an Improvement Trust for the development of the city, but some years must necessarily elapse before its operations can show any tangible results. Let us hope that they may eventually lead to the planning and reconstruction of a town, with noble thoroughfares and breathing spaces where even the poorest shall be housed in decent and sanitary conditions. I ardently share your desire for a period of greater security and tranquillity, and I have the utmost confidence in the happy results to be derived from the scheme of reforms recently initiated by my predecessor. That there should be no disagreement in our Councils, is not to be expected and hardly to be desired, but the more ample powers with which the recent reforms have endowed them should tend to increase their sense of responsibility, and, I believe, that with full and free discussion, and with the display of a reasonable and conciliatory spirit, we shall be enabled to happily co-operate for India's good. I hope that when His Majesty comes to India a year hence, he will be able to spare time to visit this captial, and that we may be able to show to our Emperor a peaceful, prosperous and united India. While I know that India will be stirred to the depths of her heart, and nowhere more than in Calcutta with a sense of intense and loyal devotion to his throne and person.

"I am very glad, Gentlemen, to have had this opportunity of making your acquaintance, and I thank you very heartily for the kindness of your words of welcome to Lady Hardinge and myself.

"I thank you most warmly for the beautiful casket in which the address has been enclosed."

REPLY TO OUDH TALUQDARS.

Reply to the address of welcome from the Taluqdars of Oudh:—"Taluqdars of Oudh, I do not propose to-day to do more than thank you very heartily as well for Lady Hardinge as myself, for the very kind terms in which you have expressed your welcome to us. It is your practice thus to come forward as each succeeding Viceroy takes up his honourable task, and your custom is a pleasant and a friendly one, for you represent the great landholders and a most influential class in a very important part of India. It rejoices me therefore to receive your assurance of support and co-operation, and you may rest in confidence that your rights and privileges will always be regarded by me with the respect to which they are entitled. You, as great landholders, have cares and responsibilities of your own, and I feel sure, that as you recognise the blessings you enjoy, and the recognition which the Government have always accorded to your position in the past, so you will extend to your subordinate proprietors and occupants, a similar measure of sympathetic consideration.

"I am glad, Gentlemen, to have had this opportunity of making your acquaintance. I hope that it may become closer and ripen into friendship, and that I may have opportunities in the future of seeing you in your own country and on your own estates. In expressing my warm appreciation of your kindly reference to my grandfather, I desire to thank you, Gentlemen, once more for your hearty welcome."

CALCUTTA AND SANITATION.

Female Inspectors to be Appointed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 26.

The Health Officer of Calcutta has formulated a scheme for the appointment of female sanitary inspectors for each district of the Calcutta Municipality. The experiment in one district has proved a success.

THE Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab also sanctions the continuance of the punitive police post located at the village of Jia Bagga, Lahore District, for the further period of one year at the approximate cost of Rs. 1,200 per annum.

SIR ARTHUR LAWLEY ON MISSIONARIES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Nov. 27.

Yesterday His Excellency the Governor opened a new building for the Christian Literature Society. The Lord Bishop made a statement, in the course of which he said that during the whole period he was in India he was struck with the terrible scarcity of literature even for Indian clergy.

His Excellency made a sympathetic speech. He referred to difficulties which presented themselves, in the matter of construction of this building, owing to great commercial disaster, which occurred here a few years ago and which wrought such havoc on houses of many innocent people. In continuing His Excellency said:—"Speaking here this afternoon with Senior Member of the Council by my side, I may say that we may look upon Missioneries in this country as our stalwart and valuable allies in that great branch of administration, which is exciting so much interest just now in education.

"I say we look upon you as our allies in that work and therefore, you will understand, what pleasure it is to me to be here this afternoon. The greatest enemy, which India has to fear is the enemy of ignorance. I therefore welcome any organization, which could succeed in dispelling the dark cloud of ignorance, which hangs in every part of this country and let in the sunlight of knowledge and wisdom."

STOPPAGE OF ARMS FOR AFGHAN BORDERMEN.

Appeal to the Amir.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 27.

It is stated that as the Afghans have been disappointed in the matter of supply of rifles owing to operations against gun-running in the Mekran Coast, an application is to be made to the Amir for the renewal of auctions of old arms in Kabul. Such auctions were held last year and were fairly successful. One effect of the Amir's winter visit to Jellalabad is likely to be the dispersal of robbers that have lately been active in that district. They are said to levy black-mail on small villages which cannot offer any defence. The Governor of Jellalabad will probably be moved to hunt down the gangs before the Amir arrives.

MADRAS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Series of Questions.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Nov. 27.

The Agenda for the next meeting of the Legislative Council on Tuesday has got 170 questions. Mr. E. W. Orr moves a resolution against moving the seat of the Government to Ootacamund for any portion of the year. Mr. Kesava Pillay is responsible for 28 questions, one of which refers to diet of prisoners. Mr. Seshagiri Aiyer is to ask whether the Secretary of State has refused sanction to the resolution of the Madras Government passed in accordance with the recommendation of the Industrial Conference, Ootacamund, and whether the department of industries is to be reconstituted, the Director being placed under the Director of Public Instruction.

Rao Bahadur Ramabhadra Naidoo is to ask whether the Government propose giving the Salvation Army any facilities for the reclamation of criminal tribes and whether measures will be taken to check juvenile indulgence in alcohol.

REBEL THAKURS IN A NATIVE STATE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 27.

The *Pioneer* hears from Dholapore that some trouble has recently occurred in that state, owing to the behaviour of a few Thakurs. They set the authority of the Maharana at defiance and the party shut themselves up in the Jhiri Fort on the banks of the Chambal river. The Durbar sent some troops and the Political Agent accompanied them, as his presence was likely to have a pacifying effect upon the malcontents, and with him went in a unofficial capacity Captain. B. L. Cole, 13th Rajput Infantry, who is the Assistant Inspecting Officer of the Imperial Service Infantry in Rajputana. The Thakurs opened a fusilade upon the party as they neared the Fort. Firearms used were of an antiquated pattern. Only one casualty occurred.

DACCA SHOOTING CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, Nov. 26.

In the Dacca shooting case to-day the prosecution case was closed and both the accused pleaded not guilty. The defence is now examining the witnesses to endeavour to establish the defence story which is that the Inspector was not shot in the street by political assasins, but in a private house by an injured husband. Also the two men who brought the wounded man to the hospital were in the pay of the police, and that to make the first information tally with the evidence, the record has been tampered with. The witnesses examined to-day, including the alleged injured husband, denied the defence story of the shooting and explained the report of what he had said in the Post Office on the subject. Another witness was the Shirastadar, Dacca Judge's Court, who thought a word had been changed in the first information report he had translated. A third of a clerk in the Municipal office who gave the name of the holder of the driver's ticket for the ghaary which took the wounded man to the hospital as Bedage, the driver hitherto referred to having been Omar.

PROSCRIBED LITERATURE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Nov. 26.

The Urdu pamphlet, entitled "Mazamini Hardyal," containing articles by Mr. Hardyal, M. A., compiled by Mr. Lalchand Falak and another Urdu book, entitled "Sri Arabindo Ghosh" by Ramchander Bug, are declared forfeited to His Majesty by "Gazette" notification.

PACHAIYAPPA'S COLLEGE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Nov. 27.

The sixty-eighth anniversary of the Pachaiyappa's charties was celebrated yesterday, Mr. Justice Krishnaswamy Iyer presiding The commemoration address was delivered by Rao Bahadur Mr. Audinarayana Ayya, before bringing the proceedings to a successful close.

The President delivered an instructive speech in defence of higher education.

NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

THE following messages, which appear in Australian papers just to hand, are later than the English mail:—

The Welsh Strike.

EFFORTS AT SETTLEMENT.

London, Nov. 11.

Mr. Winston Churchill (Secretary of State for the Home Office) quoting from police and military reports from the strike districts in South Wales, announced late last night that order was everywhere being strictly maintained. The police were, he stated, able to maintain order and the further employment of the troops was not likely to be necessary. The soldiers would, however, be kept on hand in case they were wanted.

The mineowners complain of Mr. Churchill's withholding the military in the early stage of the trouble. It was only when the troops were stopped at Swindon that the rioting commenced and the situation was relieved when the soldiers put in an appearance.

Mr. G. R. Askwith (of the Board of Trade) will shortly confer with the mineowners in connection with the list of grievances submitted by the miners' delegates.

The police are now patrolling the Rhondda Valley, Aberdare, and other districts, the military being stationed in the background as a precaution.

Torrents of rain fell in South Wales yesterday.

Australian Ambitions.

London, Nov. 11.

Sir George Reid (High Commissioner for the Commonwealth), lecturing at the University of Birmingham yesterday, said that every nation aimed at maintaining its integrity and national character, and, therefore, without a thought of offensiveness and with a feeling of genuine respect for the Japanese and the Chinese, he maintained that the Australians were justified in trying to build up a country such as the home land. The world-wide cry was for cheaper meat, and when the tariff barriers were removed. Australia would have an opportunity of supplying meat to millions of people. The Commonwealth's progressive land tax would bring millions of fertile acres, now locked up, into cultivation. He eulogised Australia's manufacturing, industrial, social, and political status, and declared that Australia had done more for the settlement of industrial disputes by arbitration than any other country.

During his stay in Birmingham Sir George Reid was the guest of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain.

American Elections.

ROUT OF THE REPUBLICANS.

New York, Nov. 11.

In the elections for Congress the Democrats gained 40 seats in the House of Representatives and lost 3, and they reduced the Republican majority in the Senate to 10. The Roosevelt Republicans were routed in New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut. Democratic triumphs were also secured in Indiana, Illinois, and the Western States. Mr. Chauncey Depew and Mr. Kean were defeated for the Senate, and Mr. Herbert Parsons, Mr. Mann and Mr. Tawney were defeated for the House of Representatives. Oyster Bay (Mr. Roosevelt's home electorate) voted for the Democrats. Mr. Payne narrowly escaped defeat. Mr. Roosevelt's defeat in New York is interpreted as a Conservative victory, due to the dislike of the demagogic campaign conducted by the ex-President. The whole election was an Insurgent triumph, since the Democrats ran the Insurgent platform. The insurgents were successful in Wisconsin and California.

The Republican ticket was generally successful in Kentucky, Missouri, Pennsylvania, New Hampshire, Iowa, Michigan, Minnesota, Idaho, Kansas, Delaware, and Tennessee, but with reduced majorities. The old party lines were remarkably blurred.

Mr. Woodrow Wilson, the democratic Governor-elect of New Jersey, secured the most commanding Democratic triumph. He is likely to be the party's candidate for the Presidency.

A significant feature of the elections was the striking growth of the Socialist Party, which more than doubled its strength since 1908. In California the Socialist polled 32,000 votes more than they did two years ago, and in New York they ran 10,000 votes ahead of Mr. Hearst's Independence League. Mr. Roosevelt and President Taft maintain silence with regard to the results.

ENGLISH PRESS VIEWS.

London, Nov. 11.

Commenting upon the victory of the Democrats in the elections for Congress in the United States, the "Times" attributes the debacle to the unpopularity of the Payne tariff, high prices and the breach in the Republican Party. "Mr. Roosevelt," it adds, "may learn his lesson of moderation and yet snatch a victory if he reorganises the Republican Party on progressive lines before the next Presidential election.

The "Morning Post" states: "It cannot be said that the Democrats owe their victory to positive merits, for they have no definite policy. Their success is largely due to the unpopularity of the Republicans."

The "Standard" remarks: "It is an exaggeration to describe the victory of the Democrats as a crushing blow to Mr. Roosevelt. Although the Republicans have lost control of the House of Representatives they remain entrenched in the Senate."

The Liberal newspapers rejoice at the staggering blow received by high protection.

Canada and America.

Ottawa, Nov. 11.

The conference between representatives of Canada and the United States with regard to trade reciprocity has ended.

Mr. W. S. Fielding (Dominion Minister for Finance) states that the deliberations were frank and friendly, and although no conclusion was arrived at the ground has been cleared for a further conference at Washington, probably next January. The delegates separated hoping that the meeting in Washington would lead to satisfactory arrangements. Canada sought a freer admission of her natural products into the United States, while the latter wanted openings for her manufactures in Canada.

Aerial Bombardment.

Baltimore, Nov. 11.

At the aviation meeting here yesterday the value of aeroplanes in warfare was demonstrated in a remarkable manner. In the target-shooting from aeroplanes M. Latham made two revolver hits from four shots at small ground targets. In the bomb-throwing event a target (made in the shape of a ship) was used. From a height of 1,400ft. M. Latham repeatedly dropped bombs upon this target. Mr. Drexel also dropped six bombs upon the target.

PROPOSED FREE PRIMARY EDUCATION.

Punjab Government View.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Nov. 26.

The key-note of the Director of Public Instructions report is. "In education it is quality rather than quantity that matters, and here it is to be feared there are few signs of progress owing to want of funds for buildings and teachers." The Lieutenan-Governor observes in reviewing that at a time when inadequacy of funds available for the educational demands has thus been accentuated, it was hardly opportune to come forward with the proposal to extinguish the existing source of educational income. The scheme of abolishing the fees in the primary schools, observes His Honour, has been conceived in misapprehension of true needs of the situation in India. Mr. Godley, Director of Public Instructions, calculates about a crore per annum would have to be raised to give effect to the universal free primary education in the Punjab. It is unlikely that in this province so large a sum could be raised by the additional taxes without causing severe hardship and creating serious discontent. The fees are already remitted, observes His Honour, in the case of agriculturists.

EUROPEAN BUDDHIST.

Bound over to Keep the Peace.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Nov. 27.

The District Magistrate of Amherst has bound over N. Dhamalaka alias Colvin, European Hoopingy, to keep the peace for one year and enter into a bond of Rs. 1,000 with two sureties on a petition by the Public Prosecuter, Moulmein, charging the accused with having delivered addresses at Moulmein on 29th October and 1st and 5th November, wherein he accused Christians of atrocious crimes and represented their intention was to destroy the customs and religion of Burmese Buddhists, such statements being likely to cause enmity and hatred between different classes of subjects.

In course of his defence the defendant admitted the remarks made by him as to Christian Missionaries' object in coming to Burma to convert people to Christianity and to destroy their customs and religion, but pointed out that he did so in the interests of the Burmese and Buddhist, to whom the lecture was addressed in order to warn them from becoming Christians and to induce those who embraced Christianity to come back to Buddhism. He admitted making strong remarks against Roman Catholicism, but said that he selected his information from various histories.

DIOCESAN CONFERENCE AT LAHORE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Nov. 26.

At the Conference of the Chaplains of the Diocese which met last week under the chairmanship of the Bishop of Lahore, it was determined to create a Central Finance Committee of the Diocese which will supervise and coordinate various Church Societies working in the Diocese and try to secure the required funds for them by assessing each parish at such amount as they may contribute without injury to the local needs.

MARRIAGE OF MISS SINHA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 26.

A wedding was celebrated to-day in the house of the father of the bride between Miss Kamala Sinha, daughter of the Hon. Mr. Sinha, lately of the Viceroy's Executive Council, and Mr. Asoka Chandra Gupta, son of the Hon. Mr. Gupta, of the India Council. The ceremony was performed with Bramo rites, and nearly all Calcutta society, European and Indian, were present, including the Commander-in-Chief and most of the leading officials. There was a wonderful display of costly presents.

RAILWAY EARNINGS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 26.

The total approximate gross earnings of the State and Guaranteed Railways from April to November 12, 1910, show a gain of Rs. 1,73,94,460 and Rs. 3,07,60,056 as compared with the corresponding figures for 1909-10 and 1908-09 respectively.

THE INSTITUTION OF CIVIL ENGINEERS.

The Indian Premium.

This premium, of the annual value of £33, is awarded by the Council out of the "Indian Fund," which is made up of two trusts formerly administered by the Royal Indian Engineering College, and, by request of its governing body, taken over by the Institution on the closing of that establishment in 1907. The two trusts in question were the Coopers Hill Fund of 1880, and the O'Callaghan Medal and Fund. The proceeds of these funds were, on the recommendation of the Trust Funds Committee of the Institution, combined to form the Indian Fund, and invested in Consolidated Stock, the revenue to be devoted to the encouragement of engineering practice in India. With this object in view, it was decided to establish a prize called "The Indian Premium," of the value stated, to be awarded annually to the author, being a corporate member of the Institution in practice in India, of the best paper received during the year on a subject connected with Indian engineering—the award when made to be irrespective of any other recognition of the merits of such paper, which the Council might accord to it in the ordinary course. The papers which have already gained the Premium are those by :—Mr. F. P. Anderson on River-Control by Wire Net-Work (1908) ; Mr. T. R. Nolan on the Construction of the Ninth Division of the Assam-Bengal Railway (1909) ; and Mr. C. W. Lloyd-Jones on the Design of Fishplate Rail-Joints (1910).

MARRIAGE OF AN INDIAN JUDGE.

The Hon. Justice Robertson, Punjab Chief Court, was married on Nov. 5 at Holy Trinity Church, Sloane Street, to Miss Dorothy Bromhead, younger daughter of Lieut.-Col. R. E. Bromhead, late 84th Regt., of Cossington House, Canterbury. The bride was dressed in ivory satin trimmed with Brussels lace, her veil (given to her by her aunt, Mrs. Warden), also being of Brussels lace. Her ornaments included a diamond pendant and pearl brooch. The bridesmaids—Miss Ethel Bromhead (her sister), Miss Gladys Coventry, Miss Renee Rose, Miss Gladys Brandreth, and Miss Margery Tate—were dressed in white, with black satin hats trimmed with vieux rouge velvet and shaded roses. Capt. J. T. C. Murray, the Black Watch, was best man, and the Bishop of Dover officiated, assisted by the Rev. W. G. Elnor, vicar of Chilham, Kent. Col. Bromhead gave his daughter away. After the reception at 52 Draycott Palace the bride and bridegroom left for Italy.

RE-CONQUEST OF GOA.

Fourth Centenary.

In commemoration of the fourth centenary of the re-conquest of Goa by Albuquerque, Mr. C. P. D'Cunha, Solicitor, delivered a lecture on the above subject under the auspices of the "Gremio Portuguez" Institution at the Dabul Parochial School Hall on Saturday evening, the Hon'ble Mr. Mr B. Chaubal presiding.

Mr. D'Cunha, in the course of his lecture, described the history of Goa, both before and after its conquest by Albuquerque, in considerable detail. He described the surrender of the country to the Portuguese invader and narrated with vivid detail the general-ship which the leader displayed in preserving his kingdom against the attacks of the Hindus.

The Hindus were temporarily successful, but describing the reconquest of the kingdom by Albuquerque in 1510, the lecturer remarked :—"It is difficult to realize the immense effect the conquest had upon the various sovereigns on the Western side of India. The powerful King of Ahmedabad hastened to send his ambassadors courting an alliance with the Portuguese, acceded to all their demands and even offered the island of Diu for a fortress. Albuquerque accepted his friendship. His example was followed by the other rulers on the coast and even the Zamorim of Calicut, who had hitherto been the principal foe of the Portuguese, sued for peace. St. Catherine's day became a magic word for the Portuguese in India. This day it was that gave the Portuguese a commercial and political capital ; it showed the natives of India that the Portuguese intended to remain on the Malabar Coast as a governing power ; and it proved to the people of India that a new warrior race had come amongst them. This day it was that laid the foundation of Portugal's colonial destiny.

"Let us", he concluded, "think of Goa as a city of a glorious past and noble traditions. Let us remember it as a city for which warriors have bled and statesmen laboured, as a city which has repelled countless invaders and resisted numerous attacks. Let us honour it as once a place of fabulous wealth, as once the city of churches, convents and palaces, as once the scene of the evangelical labour of St. Francis Xavier. And though it is now only a city of fallen houses and streets overgrown with jungle, let us bear in mind that it is still the see of the Primate of the East, and that so long as it can boast of its noble monuments of Christian piety and retains the shrine of the great Eastern evangelist, it will not cease to attract pilgrims from the remotest corners of the world."

THE LATE MR. D. P. CAMA.

Reuter announces the death of Mr. Dorabji Pestonji Cama, who had been living in London for a very long time and was called the Nestor of the Indian community. The accused was 75 years old, and belonged to the Cama family, which is gratefully remembered in Bombay, his father being the donor of the Cama Hospital. The deceased's wife, Bai Bhicaiji Cama, also died in London in 1890. Mr. Cama was an enthusastic Freemason and belonged to several leading Masonic Lodges in London. In 1887 the deceased was honoured with a C.I.E. for his munificence towards education in India and he always supported the movement for supplying medical aid to women of India.

AERONAUTICS.

England and Aerial Defence.

The present position of England in regard to aerial defence may be briefly summarised. In addition to the Lebaudy airship and the Clement-Bayard II.—assuming that they conform to the required standard—we shall possess a ship somewhat smaller, but still of considerable size, which is now being constructed at Aldershot, and which will be shortly completed. We shall also have the Sots, a small airship, and the Gamma, which is being reconstructed with an envelope of larger size than the original one. Several aeroplanes have been purchased in France, and these will be followed by further purchases in England. The intention has been to secure both the best Continental and the best British types.

In the matter of "personnel" we have the Corps of Airmen, under Sir Alexander Bannerman. Sir Alexander succeeds Col. Capper, who has been promoted to the rank of substantive colonel. Col. Capper, who has rendered great services in this field of military work, will, however, be available for advice. This corps, for the instruction of which all arrangements are being made, will consist of fourteen officers and about 160 men. On the advice of the Defence Committee, it may be mentioned, the work was apportioned between the two Services, the Admiralty being deputed to undertake the rigid dirigibles and the War Office the non-rigid dirigibles and the aeroplanes. In pursuance of this arrangement the Admiralty contracted with Messrs. Vickers, Sons, and Maxim to lay down plant at Barrow for the construction of the great Admiralty rigid airship, which is nearly complete, and will be launched within a few weeks. The plant necessitated by this balloon will subsequently be available for the construction of other vessels of the British aerial fleet.

Mr. Haldane in the Beta.

Mr. Haldane went for a trip in the Army airship Beta at Aldershot on Nov. 4. Changing his silk hat and black overcoat for a grey cap and coat (says the "Morning Post") in describing his experiences), Mr. Haldane took his place with Capt. Brooke-Smith, who acted as pilot, and Mr. Cox, who was there to look after the motors. The order to let go had no sooner been given than the vessel, on a level keel, began to rise. She must have reached an altitude of 400 feet when her motors were first started. Then she bore westwards, and before turning had ascended another hundred feet. After another short tour westwards, exactly twenty minutes after the start the guide ropes were cut loose. They were clutched by the soldiers, and before the airship was dragged back to her house she was brought to on the common in order to allow Mr. Haldane to alight. On his return to earth Mr. Haldane told the correspondent how pleased he had been with the little voyage. "Though I felt a little funny at first I never became dizzy," he said. "I never could look over a precipice, and thought that I should not have been able to look over the side of an airship when five hundred feet up. But there was no discomfort at all. The balloon went perfectly smoothly, and in the setting sun the country was looking beautiful." He is the first British War Minister to have undertaken such a journey.

Aeroplane Passenger Service.

The first cross-country aeroplane passenger service is now in operation. Messrs. Farman have selected for this new departure the country between the Maurice Farman aerodrome at Buc, near Versailles, and the Farman-Grass flying ground near Etampes—which is about an hour's railway journey due south of Paris. These public aeroplane flights follow a regularly defined route of about twenty-five miles, traced by flags. The machines used are capable of carrying more than one passenger at the same time. After lunch the passenger may make the return journey on the same machine or on a Henry Farman biplane of the military type.

Mr. Henry Farman has arranged a scale of fares on a basis of 20fr. a kilometre for a minimum distance of five kilometres (just over three miles), which brings this expensive sport for the first time within the reach of nearly everybody.

The Airmen's College.

The Aero-Technical Institute at Saint-Cyr, near Versailles—which has been rendered possible through the liberality of M. Henry Deutsch (de la Meurthe)—is now practically finished, although scarcely a year has elapsed since the donor gave his cheque for £30,000 for the carrying out of the work to M. Liard, the vice-rector of the University of Paris. The institute covers an enormous area, and will permit of the study and construction of aerial craft on a large scale. Dr. Maurain has been appointed director of the new institute, which, in the words of the donor, has been built "to aid constructors and pilots, and to perfect aeronautics in all its forms."

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," which, Lady Constance Howard writes, "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Countess of Westmeath, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning :—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap see that the name and figure head of Albion are on the wrapper, sold by Chemists Grocers, etc.

THE NATIONAL MEDICAL COLLEGE OF INDIA.

The Raja Bahadur Madho Lal of Benares visited the National Medical College of India last week and received an enthusiastic ovation. Dr. S. K. Mullick —the Dean of the College—accompanied by the professorial staff received the Rajah Bahadur and conducted him between dense rows of cheering students through the College buildings. The Chemical Department, the Research and Bacteriological Department, the Surgical Department, the out-patient and in-patient department were all inspected. The Raja Bahadur, who is a scientist of no mean order took a deep and critical interest in each department, but he was particularly struck by the arrangement made for the Ayurvedic Department. He was agreeably surprised to see the solid arrangements made to train up the Ayurvedic scholars on a modern basis by incorporating in their curriculum the modern subjects of Chemistry, Physiology, Bacteriology, Surgery, etc. The Raja was so delighted at this innovation that he turned to Dr. Mullick and remarked : "You are producing men who will make Ayurvedic system the most perfect medical system in the world." An adjournment was then made to the largest lecture theatre where an address of welcome was read by Dr. A. Neogy, the Surgeon Superintendent. The address was then presented to the distinguished visitor by Miss Sampson, a lady student of the College, in a richly carved sandalwood box. Dr. S. K. Mullick in welcoming the Rajah Bahadur said that they were much gratified by this visit. In different walks of life and during many years the Raja Bahadur had been a daring soldier in the battle of National regeneration. The United Provinces had benefited as much by his intellectual contributions as by his financial liberality. But he was cosmopolitan in his views and his charity recognised no barrier. He had taken deep interest in the College for he had sent scholars of his own choice and supported them. The College was an institution for all India and run purely by voluntary aid. They were in opposition to no one ; theirs was not the weapon of polemics; theirs was the service for suffering humanity. They were workers in a spirit of perfect comradeship with the official institution; if there was any rivalry it was a rivalry as to who did the most for the amelioration of the ills that flesh was heir to. They had the honour of welcoming amongst others the Hon'ble Sir Lawrence Jenkins, the Chief Justice of Bengal; the late Sir Charles Allen, Chief Secretary to the Bengal Government; the Hon'ble C. H. Bompas, who were all struck by the good work that this college was doing. They had the advantage and financial support of such distinguished sons of India as H. H. the Maharaja of Baroda, the Hon'ble the Maharaja of Durbhanga, the Hon'ble the Maharaja of Cossimbazar, who had all subscribed handsomely to the College funds. The College fulfilled a distinct want for they had before them hundreds of scholars who hailed from the remotest corners of India. They were proud of their College, for it marked a milestone in the march of progressive ideas of self-help fostered by the magnetism of British example. They had dedicated their lives to the service of humanity, they appealed to their charitable friends to help this institution. To support it was to help the children of God. Their students had always before them the best traditions of noble service. To their neighbours they said : "Thou art poor, I shall love thee ; thou art lonely, I shall raise thee; thou art leprous, I shall cleanse and annoint thee ; art thou silling, I shall heal thee" This was the spirit in which the College was progressing and that was its best recommendation to the nation. (Cheers).

Raja Madho Lal in returning thanks said that he was much impressed by the College, and he hoped that in course of time it would be one of the most magnificent institutions of the country. What pleased him most was the diverse provinces represented before him. Nowhere in India had he seen such a cosmopolitan gathering of scholars studying under one roof. The loving and voluntary service of its teachers encouraged him in his belief that the College would be a pattern and an example. He would be pleased to subscribe his mite towards it. He was glad to see the Ayurvedic Department which by infusing in it modern subjects would revolutionise the whole system. They were doing a work which was truly noble. He had before he came here received applications from scholars from all parts of India, who were most anxious to attend this College. They might rest convinced that such good work as theirs would always be appreciated. He would always do his best to help on the good work.

The Raja Bahadur announced that he would subscribe Rs. 500 to the College. He was garlanded and drove away amidst loud cheers.

INDIAN TEAM FOR ENGLAND.

The following is the provisional list of the matches to be played by the Indian Cricket Team in England:—

June	July
1 Minor Counties(Stoke)	3 Warwick.
5 Leicestershire.	6 Northants.
8 M. C. C (Lords)	10 Yorkshire.
12 Hampshire	17 Somerset.
19 Lancashire.	24 Durham.
26 Essex.	27 Northumberland.
29 Surrey (Oval).	
Aug.	**Aug.**
3 Scotland.	10 Ireland.
7 Scotland.	14 Ireland.

FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Buss Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Shanghai Perfect.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Strength Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 27th November, 1910.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission. Hrs.	Mts
Turkey ...	26	21	38	12	37
Teheran ...	27	13	30	1	10
Suez	27	14	20	0	39

NOTICES.

Cable Assab Perim interrupted. Telegrams for Erythrea and Abyssinia are forwarded via Suakim, Kassala without additional charge (20-6-09).

Ahwaz line interrupted between Ramhormoz and Ahwaz (23-11-10).

Halley's Comet, which is now travelling away from the earth not to return before a lapse of seventy-six years, has reappeared after being obliterated from earthly vision by the sun since June. At the Academy of Sciences Paris, it was reported that M. Javelle, of the Nancy Observatory, sighted the Comet with his telescope on November 1, 2, and 3, a few minutes before sunrise. The astral wanderer is now daily growing smaller and resembles a minute nebulous speck without a core.

Valuable Discovery for the Hair.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use. "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" its original colours without leaving the disagreeable smell of most. 'Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemist for 'The Mexican Hair Renewer," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale depot, 33 Farringdon Road, London, England.

SPORTING NEWS.

LUCKNOW RACES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, Nov. 26.

FAREWELL PLATE—Distance 6 furlongs.

Mr Manmohan's Lady Spring 9-5.....Robinson 1
Kour Sahib of Patiala's Mozart 7-10.....Spencer 2
Kour Sahib of Patiala's Long Champs 9-12 ..... Ames 3
Mr Miles' White Heather 8-12 .....Bolten 4

Ten ran.

Betting :—4 to 1 against Lady Spring, and 10 to 1 White Heather.

The Race :—Won by one length; a head between second and third ; neck between third and fourth. No time taken.

ALUMBHA PLATE—Distance 5 furlongs.

Captain Hill's Waziristan 8-10 .....Ruiz 1
Major Moore's Sher 9-3 .....Northmore 2
Captain Goodfellow's Norwood (7-3 carried 7-7) ..... Native 3
Mr Goodhope's Hyrim 9-7 .....Robinson 4

Eleven ran.

Betting :—6 to 1 against Waziristan, 9 to 1 Sher, 10 to 1 Norwood and 6 to 4 Hyrim.

The Race.—Won by one length ; 2 lengths between second and third.

WELTER HORSE HANDICAP—Distance 5 furlongs.

Colonel L V Young's Atropine 9-12.....Ruiz 1
Maharaja of Jodhpore's Lester Lady 9-12 ..... Robinson 2
Captain Houton's Embrace 8-7.....Melsom 3
Mr Collinson's Banshee 7-0.....Thoburn 4

Five ran.

Betting—6 to 4 on Lester Lady; 12 to 1 against Atropine, 4 to 1 Red Tope, 6 to 1 Embrace and 10 to 1 Banshee.

The Race :—Won by one length ; of a length. Time—1 min. 4 sec.

DESERT HANDICAP.—Distance 1-4 mile.

Mr Blackwood's Pinckie 9-5.....Mr O Butler 1
Mr Miles' Nagashi 7-7.....Thoburn 2
Captains Leake and Furnell's Sirdar 9-2...Capt Furnell 3
Capt Anderson's Aden 7-3 .....Melsom 4

Eight ran.

Betting :—5 to 1 on Dinkie and Nagashi, 4 to 1 Sirdar and 3 to 1 Aden.

The Race:—Won by one length ; a head between second and third.

CHUTTER MUNZIL PLATE—Distance 1 mile.

Mr J S Scott's Pat C 10-8.....Treneworth 1
Mr Fitch's Son-of-a-Gun 8-8 .....James 2
Mr. Rake's Shannon Lass 10-5.....Robinson 3
Mr Rake's Irish 9 12.....Ruiz 4

Seven ran.

Betting :—4 to 1 against Pat C, Son-of-a-Gun and Irish and 6 to 4 against Shannon Lass.

The Race :—Won by 4 lengths ; a head between second and third and a neck between third and fourth. Time—1min 48secs.

CALCUTTA RACES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 26.

Tollygunge Gymkhana races. To-day's results :—

PONY PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs.

Mr. M Gooulds' The Dyer.....Mr Bletsoe 1
Mr Shillingford's Gowan.....Mr Evers 2
Mr T M Thaddeus' Gnids .....Mr Dudley 3

Time—1 min. 8 1-5.

JIU-JITSU STAKES.—Distance about 4 furlongs.

Mr E H Marshall's Loyalty.....Owner 1
Mr Forbes Skine's Vanity.....Capt Franker 2
Mr C A Tegani's Biddy (Dead Heat) Owner 3 heat

The Race :—In the run off, Vanity won by half a length.

Time—54 1-5 secs.

INVITATION STAKES.—Distance 5 furlongs.

Mr M Gooulds' Signorats .....Mr Eversl 1
Mr J O Galstaun's Yum Yim.....Mr Dudley 2
Mr W Philip's Ulla .....Mr Morris 3

Time—1 min. 9 secs.

BALLYGUNGE ROYAL.—Distance about 1 mile.

Mr A J Shilling-Forbes' Charlotts .....Mr Eversl 1
Mr Holmes' Grace Palotts.....Mr Morris 2
Mr A J Shillingfordes' Kestral.....Mr Houghton 3

Time—1 min. 51 2-5 secs.

FAREWELL CUP—Distance 5 furlongs.

Mr R A O Pugh's To Kalon.....Owner 1
Mr Ruther's Sportsman .....Mr Evers 2
Mr A D Gordon's Dickie .....Mr Taylor 3

A MATCH.—Distance about 1 mile.

Mr Holme's Plain Mister (Owner) beat Mr R Westmacott's Levant (Mr Evers).

Time—1 min. 45 4secs.

CRICKET.

MAHOMEDAN C. C. vs. B.B. & C.I. STORE C.C

A criket match was played on Saturday between the above two teams on Marine Line maidan at 2-30 p. m. and which resulted in a win for the Mahomedans by 8 runs. Mr. Master, who played for the B. B. & C. I. C. C., did a good batting, making the highest score of 24 runs, and Mr. Vali Ahmed, who played for Mohamedan C. C., played a very defensive and fast game, scoring 35 the highest in a very short time, driving the ball all round to the boundaries. The following are the scores :—

B. B. & C. I. STORES C. C.

Balaram, c Perkar, b Edroos	...	... 16
D'Souza, and b Edroos	...	... 2
Master, st b Ishak	...	... 24
Parekwala, b Edroos	...	... 6
Byramji, b Edroos	...	... 12
Rustamji, b Edroos	...	... 4
Mendes, l b w b Edroos	...	... 3
Inglea, b Edroos	..	... 3
Dinshaw, run out	...	... 6
Hiraji, not out	...	... 4
Solomon, J C Contractor, B Ishak		... 0
Extras	...	... 6
Total...		... 86

MOHAMEDAN C. C.

M Ismail, c Dinshaw, b Mendes...		... 11
K H Contractor, b Hiraji	...	... 13
Shaik Papa, b Mendes...	...	... 0
Vali Ahmed, c Rustomji, b Master		... 35
A K Tyebali, b Hiraji	...	... 1
Shaik Edroos, c Byramji, b Hiraji		... 4
M. Ishak, b Hiraji	...	... 4
Shaik Guffar, b Hirajl...	...	... 13
G M Perkar, b Mendes..	...	... 9
Syed Minnudin, c Hiraji, b Master		... 2
A L Curtay, not out	...	... 0
Extras...	...	... 11
Total...		... 94

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 26.

The one day cricket match between the Maharaja Kashmir's team and Maharaja's Netore's steam playde to-day on Nattore's ground, and resulted in a draw. Kashmir's score for all wickets being 184 and Nattore score was 41 for three wickets.

BOXING TOURNAMENT IN LUCKNOW.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, Nov. 26.

The following are the results in boxing tournament finals :—

Burns H. L. J. beat Correl King's Own, in the open light weights, Adams of the Gordons, beat White of the Gordons in the open Feather weights.

In the regimental events Reid beat Docherty.

In the middle weights Milson beat Wren in the Bantams.

Msjor-General distributed the prizes.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Nov. 26.

Exchange here to-day on demand 1s. 4 3-32d. The market is steady.

Government paper is Rs. 93 annas twelve. Shares—Coal—Auckland 4 ; Barsokur (pref.) 9 1-4 ; Bokaru and Ramghur 5 ; Bengal Nagpur 45 3-4 ; North West 3 prem ; Raneegunge 12 1-4 ; South Govindpur 2 5-8.

Jute—Alliance (ord) 100 1-2 ; tea—100; lack 36. Miscellaneous—North-West 25 debentures ; Borrea Cotton Mills 100.

EXPLORATION IN PERSIA.

Major P. M. Sykes, C. M. G., read a paper before the Royal Geographical Society on Nov. 7 on "A Sixth Journey in Persia." The president of the society, Major Leonard Darwin, was in the chair.

The Lecturer first described a tour in ancient Parthia. Touching on the various problems connected with this most historical part of Asia, he said that the site of the ancient capital of Hyrcania at the time of Alexander still awaited identification; but as Arrian mentioned that it was opposite the waggon track across the range, it was at least possible that Astrabad or some adjacent site might have been the city referred to. The site of the Parthian capital, termed Hecatompylos, "a hundred pylons or gateways," was still unindentified. It had generally been located at Damghan by German and English writers. Local legend centred with great intensity round Paras, the ruins of which were situated quite close to Darra Gaz, which was originally Darabgird, or "The City of Darius," and was also considered to be a very ancient site ; and it was stated that here was the original capital of Parthia. This he was inclined to accept, and would also suggest that here too they possibly had a clue to the word "Parthia" which had hitherto remained a puzzle. As Alexander was stated to have founded Hecatompylos, he would suggest that he found Paras, the ancient capital, and, quite close to it, built a cantonment which he termed "Hecatompylos, but which became known as Darabgird ; in no case would the Greek name be likely to have survived. A third site which he had, he thought, identified was that of the second Parthian capital which was founded by Tiridates, the second Parthian monarch, and which was also termed Dara—the Dareion of the Greeks. This undiscovered site was almost without doubt Kala Maran.

The objects of a second tour were twofold. He had been informed on good Persian authority that the ruins of a city of Nishapur, older than those situated three or four miles from the modern site, lay somewhere to the south-east of the present city. The existence of an ancient Nishapur had never been discovered by previous travellers. His second object was to visit the district of Turshiz, and to examine, among other sites, what were said to be the ruins of the city of Turshiz, which succumbed to the might of Tamerlane, and had, since that date, lain desolate. Twenty-four miles to the south-east of modern Kishapur sites of what were, he believed, two Sassanian cities were discovered by them. Between these and the modern city, some four miles south-east of the latter, lay the ruins of Nishapur, the famous city of medieval times. In close juxtaposition was Shadyakh, founded as a camp by the Tahiris; but afterwards promoted to be the capital, when, owing to the earthquakes, the older site was abandoned. It was Shadyakh which was sacked by the Mongols and literally levelled to the ground. The latter city probably occupied a portion of the great city. It was during the zenith of its prosperity that Omar Khayyam lived and died in Nishapur; and his tomb was pointed out in a shrine four censured to Mahomed Mahruk which was built some inries after his death by the great Sefavi monarch. A short march to the south-west of Kishmar lay the ruins of the ancient city of Turshiz, which did not appear to have been examined by any previous traveller. To-day the small village of Firuzabad had sprung up to the west of the ruins, and between it and the walled area was the minar or column, which was round, with a circumference of seventy feet. The fort rose some thirty feet to forty feet above the level plain, and the city evidently spread far and wide outside the walls. There was a legend to the effect that a flock of sheep could be driven over roofs the whole way to Kishmar.

Major-Gen. Beresford Lovett, in the course of discussion, said that on the occasion of the survey which he made in 1882 his only escort was one private of Persian infantry. His earliest recollections of Persia dated from forty-five years ago, in what some people thought were the one bad old times of despotism. In those day of the Telegraph Department patrolled the long line of 750 miles of telegraph between Bushire and Teheran without any escort at all. They used to ride post from Shiraz to Teheran without better protection than a revolver and a hunting crop. But now under constitutional government it seemed that the country was more or less in revolt.

Mr. Hogarth said he fancied that Major Sykes had taken them as far as they were likely to get in the solution of the archæological problems he had indicated for a good many years to come—that was to say, until they could dig.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

BY MAJOR H. E. E. PROCTER, A.D.C., COMMANDING.

Bombay, 25th November.

1, Orderly N C Officer for the week—Sergt A D Shanks, next for duty Corpl A H Byrt.

2. Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday next, Riding School for all members 7-15 a.m.

Dress—Mufti.

3. Tuesday the 29th instant—Commanding Officer's Parade, Rendezvous Church Gate Station 7-30 a. m.

Dress—Drill Order, Khaki Garolines, Swords and Bandoliers.

H. E. E. PROCTER, Major,
Comdg. B. L. H.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT. COLONEL A. K. LESLIE V. D. COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 28th November.

238. Parade,—Saturday the 3rd December.

No. 1 Company Instructions for Layers and 6 inch B. L. C. Gun drill at Mahaluxmi Battery.—Parade at Grant Road Station at 4-50 p.m.

Cyclists proceed direct to Battery.

Dress.—Khaki and Helmets.

No. 2 Company 1 inch A. B. practice at Middle Ground Fort. Fall in at Apollo Bunder at 4-45 p.m.

Dress :—Khaki and Helmets.

E. E. Company.—Parade at 6-30 p.m. on Tuesday 29th instant, at Apollo Bunder and proceed to Middle Ground Fort, for Defence Light Manni g.

239. Duties.—Orderly Sergeants for the ensuing week. Sergt. T. W. Venn No. 1 Company. Sergt. J. Clarke No. 2 Company.

E. P. CUDLIP, Lieut., R.A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V.D.

Bombay, 28th November.

1100. Detail for the week ending 3rd proximo :—To-day Monday the 28th instant—'G" Company Recruits parade on the Maidan at 7-30 a m.

Tuesday the 29th instant—Lecture at Durbar Room Town Hall at 6-30 p.m.

Subject—Outposts—All ranks are invited to attend.

II—Bugle Practice on the Maidan at 8-30 p.m.

Wednesday the 30th instant—Commanding Officer's Parade.

Fall in at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 6 p.m

Dress—Drill Order, Uniform with caps.

Subject Outposts, manner of detailing picquets &c. Field Service Regulations, (Part I) Operations, Sections 75 to 89.

Thursday the 1st prox, the Signalling Class will parade at 7 a.m. at Sir Richard Temple's Statue.

Friday the 2nd prox—All Recruits of the current season to parade at Head-Quarters at 6-30 p. m.

II. "E." Coy. Parade at Sir Richard Temple's Statue at 9-15 p.m.

Dress.—Drill Order Mufti.

1101. Proficiency Class—A Proficiency Class will be started early in December those wishing to appear this season should submit their names to the Adjutant at once.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt. B. V. R.

Advice to Mothers :—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth ? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

TRADE MARK. 'VANA' BRAND TONIC WINE

The powerful and rapid action of this pure, wholesome nerve tonic, renders it

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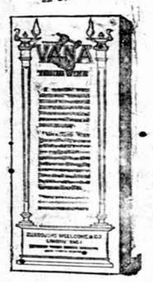

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LABOUR DISPUTES.

Serious Miners' Riots in Wales.

The situation in the Welsh coalfield has developed in gravity. There was rioting of a determined character at the Llwynpia pits of the Glamorgan Company at midnight on Nov. 7, and the police had the utmost difficulty in holding their own against the strikers, whose avowed purpose was to wreck the power-house and extinguish all the fires. Many of the miners were injured in the conflict, as were also a large number of police constables. The Chief Constable of Glamorganshire asked for troops to be sent, and these were actually on their way, when the Home Secretary, after consultation with Mr. Haldane, intervened, and detained the infantry at Swindon and the cavalry at Cardiff. At the same time Mr. Churchill sent a contingent of seventy mounted constables and 200 foot constables of the Metropolitan Police. Mr. Churchill also addressed to the miners, through the Chief Constable of Glamorganshire, a message inviting some of their leaders to meet Mr. Ashwith at the Board of Trade, and adding that rioting must cease at once.

A Cardiff correspondent, telegraphing on Nov. 9, says :—"At the Glamorgan Colliery power-station the fight waged fiercely for a long time. Every window in the place and the surrounding buildings were smashed, and other extensive damage was done. The police drove out the strikers, and pursued them through the streets of Llwynpia. The rioters pulled down a large hoarding, and used the wood as staves. Colliery mandrils were also employed as weapons, and they destroyed a brick and stone pillar at an hotel, and assailed the police with the debris. The place resembled a battlefield, men lying about unconscious with gaping scalp wounds, and doctors were kept busy for some time attending to the wounded. Over one hundred severe casualties were reported, and many more persons received minor injuries. About twenty policemen wers hurt in the affray, which surpassed in ferocity anything else of the kind that has occurred in the coalfield."

The Cardiff correspondent of the "Times" telegraphed :—The Powell Duffryn strikers, as though envious of their comrades in the Rhondda Valley, suddenly planned to attack the Middle Duffryn Colliery power-house. They first feinted to make for Blaenant Colliery in order to lure the police from the former pit. Not succeeding in this, they dashed across the railway to the Middle Duffryn, scaling the fences, and backed up by women and children. The police, only twenty-five in number, first tried a hose on the mob, but, as this had no effect, they drew their truncheons and charged. Then followed a pell-mell retreat. Numbers were trampled upon, and one man had a leg broken in falling over the railway fence. Nearly a hundred men, women, and children dashed into the Challon Canal to escape, and altogether about sixty persons were injured. Mr. Gregory, a "Western Mail" reporter, was roughly handled by some men, and must by night in a semi-conscious condition. Three of the police received injuries, Inspector Lees, of Llandaff, being struck in the eye with a stone.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, Nov. 26.

The weather has been dry nearly everywhere, but is slightly disturbed in the north and in Persia. The chief fall is:—Ootacamund and Tinnevelly report quarter of an inch of rain.

Forecast.—No precipitation of importance.

SIMLA, Nov. 27.

The disturbed conditions persist in Kashmir, but no precipitation is reported Very light falls of rain have occurred in Cochin and Trivandrum.

Forecast.—Some precipitation in Kashmir.

Earthquake.—Report of a distant earthquake of moderate intensity has been recorded in Simla yesterday at ten hours, twenty minutes.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 26TH NOVEMBER.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 26th November, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are lightly clouded in the south-west Punjab but clear elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is generally normal; the minimum continues in defect except at Multan.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Day temperature is in defect at Allahabad; night temperature remains in defect everywhere.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal in Sind and in defect in Rajputana. Maximum temperature is normal the minimum is in defect except in lower Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is generally in defect. Day temperature is nearly nearly normal, but night temperature continues in defect.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature continues in defect.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air has increased and is now equal to the average. Day temperature is normal; night temperature is in defect.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is in defect in the northern half of the division; the minimum is in defect over the whole division.

General Remarks.—Cochin is the only station reporting rainfall. Elsewhere weather has been fine and is likely to continue so.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a.m. (local time) on the 26th November was 29·970 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 13 feet at 6 a.m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80° F. will be ·14 inch and this will be higher and lower by ·01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lower by ·01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings given above are distinct in from those given in the daily weather report, to which different corrections have been applied.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

HIGH COURT.—NOV. 28.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE BEAMAN).

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

650-08 Bhaishanker K and G The Hope Mills Ld vs Sir Cawasji Jehangir Readymoney Baronet and another Mulla and M Daphtary F and D Partheard.

Short Causes.

14-09 Bicknell M and R Abdul Kayum Sallebhoy Tyabji vs Nagindas Valabndas T A Ghandy.

878-10 Jehangir G and B Ahmedally Habibbhoy vs Tricumdas Purshotam and another Unwalla and P.

869-10 Jehangir M and S Harmanbux Ramcoover vs Ramnarayen Banichand Chaudik Tyabji D and Co.

Long Causes.

70-08 Matubhoy J and M Hoosain Allana and others vs Gakibai widow and others Madhowji K and Co

815-08 Raghavaya B and N Megji Narotam vs Gopibai, widow Madhowji K and Co

647-09 Smetham B and Co Prabhakar Bhawan and others vs Esajee Moosa Jehangir and S

983-09 Thakurdas and Co Motabhoy, Mulla Esabhoy vs Taucker Vussanji Pragji Payne and Co Part heard.

690-09 Mulla and M Mirza Bahadur Beig vs Gopinath Raghunath and others. Part heard.

42-19 Captain and V Abdul Azeez bin Abdul Karim Saman and another vs Ibrahim bin Maney and another, Shroff D and D. Partly decreed.

530-10 Payne and Co Mohundas Kamalsi vs Bapuji Balwant Wawootray and another Judah and S and Sabris and G. Part heard.

389-10 Malvi H M and R The Indian Agency Co Ltd and others vs Rajmal Harjivan Mulla and M

838-10 Mehta and D Dhulla Kuppa and another vs Haji E H Esmail Khunderao L and M.

665-10 Shamrao M and H Nagindas Purshotamdas and Co vs Kapadia Bros

622-10 Ardeshir H D and Co Jumnadas Vijbhukhandas vs Sadashiv Narayan Ashware Mirza M and M

461-10 Jamshedji R and D Railal Heptoolal vs Gopal Nagerdas Captain and V

347-09 Payne and Co Abdeally Dawoodbhoy and others vs Abdool Khayum Alibhoy and others Bicknell M and R

721-09 Thakerdas and Co Massookna vs Syed Karamally Syed Amarally and others Captain and V

632-10 Khunderao L and M Bhagwan Hakms and others vs Dharmaji Ramaya and others Shroff D and D and Juddah and S

982-08 Bhaishanker K and G Bapalal Bechardas Sackervala vs Nardham Bapalal Sakervaal F P Pavri

783-07 Pestonji R K and Co Framji Jamshedji Cookana vs Tyabally Mahomedally and others Jehangir G and B

947-08 Madhowji K and Co Foolchand Samji vs Sagamal Seromji and others Malvi, H M and E

686-10 Mehta and D Jugalkishore Ginsamal and Co vs Sukhdeodas Bnagwandas.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice ROBERTSON.)

For Judgment on Commissioner's Report.

709-99 Thakurdas and Co Abdul Rehman Haji Goolam Hoosein Tahir vs Ismail Haji Abdul Tahir.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

449-09 Captain and V Lukmichand Ramchand and others vs The G I P Ry Co Little and Co.

For Further Direction and Cost on Commissioner's Report.

755-05 Ardeshir H D and Co Maneckbai widow vs Bapuji Dhunjibhoy Banaji Payne and Co Hiralal and K D Shroff Mathubhoy J and M Ardeshir H D and Co Shamrao M and H

Long Causes.

689-10 Jamshedji R and D Mulji Haridas vs Heptula Esmfally and others Unwalla and P Jehangir M and S.

101-10 Little and Co Gordhandas Goculdas Tejpal and another vs Venilal Vijbhukhandas and others Hiralal and Co. Madhowji K and C Bhaishanker K and G Wadia G and Co Dadysety F and D, F P Pavri Pestonji R K and Co. Mathubhoy J and M.

BY THE WAY.

THE ADMIRAL OF THE INDIES.

There has recently died in Madrid the Duke of Veragua, the last descendant of Cristopher Columbus. He was known in Spain as the Admiral of the Indies, a title which had descended to him from his illustrious ancestor. He possessed all the titles that a Spanish nobleman could hold. He was a man of ability, and had served his country in many ways. His tastes were simple, and he was noted for his courtesy and liberality. The peasants about his domains, it might almost be said, worshipped their feudal lord, and for miles around he knew the rustics by name. He was the greatest breeder of bulls in Spain.

DUKE AND TELEGRAPHIST.

When in Cuba the late Duke of Veragua had occasion to go to the telegraph office and the operator, not knowing the Duke, kept him waiting for a long time. The Duke did not show impatience, still he was not pleased at the treatment, and he took a characteristic way of impressing upon the clerk his position. The signature at the bottom of the telegraph form counts as only one word, so the Duke began calmly to set out his titles; Dom Christofar Colon of Cerda, Marquis of Jamaica, Duke of Veragua, Grandee of Spain, Knight of the Golden Fleece, Senator, Councillor of State, formerly Minister, Admiral of the Indies, and Admiral in the Navy. The Duke thought that he had done enough to impress upon the clerk his position, and then handed the official the message to dispatch.

ACAMEDICIAN'S GOWNS.

The new robes and caps of the Royal Scottish Academy are only to be worn by office-bearers and members of Council, not by the general body of members. No distinction is to be made between painters, sculptors, and architects—the original idea being to have different colours to mark the three orders of artists included in the Academy. The new gown is of the Geneva robe style, made in a purple grey cloth trimmed with dark wine-coloured velvet. The cap will be of the same material. Associated with the robe is a close-fitting vest in red, which shows in the sleeves and at the neck. The President's gown will be of silk. The Academy will provide and own the robes.

PRINCE AND BANKER.

The "Gentlewomen" recalls the following story of the Prince Regent and Coutts' Bank:—"When George IV. was Regent he had a grudge against Coutts,' and determined to play a trick on the authorities. In those days even the great banks kept very small reserves of cash, and the playful Prince thought out a plan to close Coutts. So he sent his squerry round from Carlton House with a cheque for £100,000, fondly hoping that the bank would not be able to pay over the counter. The Prince's trick, however, failed of success as they wary old partner of the Strand bank proved equal to the occasion. He said at once to the squerry:' How will His Royal Highness take the amount, in gold or notes?' The squerry hesitated, and then said that he had better go back to Carlton House to enquire. So he departed, and Coutts had time to send to the Bank of England and get the cash required, but it was not needed as the Prince Regent, seeing that Coutts had got the best of him, did not return the cheque in question.

CHAMPION DAIRY COW—.

The College of Agriculture in the University of Missouri, at Columbia, has raised and developed the champion dairy cow of all the world, Missouri Chief Josephine, a Holstein-Friesian. Josephine's record in the production of milk for six months, 17,008·8 pounds, exceeds the previous world's record for six months by 1,458 pounds. The 17,008·8 pounds of milk, which she gave in six months, gives her an average of 93·4 pounds of milk daily for 182 days. This, says the "World To-day," is equivalent to 46·7 quarts, or 11·6 gallons, every day. Her highest record for one day is 110·2 pounds, about 56 quarts or 14 gallons of milk, more than the average healthy dairy cow gives in a week. She gives more milk in two months than most cows give in a in a year.

AND HER PRODUCTION.

One can better comprehend the enormity of the bulk of the cow's production when he realises that, though large as she is—weighing over thousand pounds at the end of her six months' test—Josephine produces more pounds of milk in six months than 12 times her own weight, more than twice her weight in milk each month; or, if you please, her own weight in milk every two weeks. Josephine eats nothing which has not been thoroughly tested and analysed. In order that she may waste no energy in digestion, her feed is ground into a powder and soaked in water before being served to her. Although she consumes daily 132 pounds of this wet food, she never gets enough. The feed pan in which she is fed four times every day is "licked clean" each time. Water is the only thing of which she gets enough; she is allowed to drink as long and as much as she wants.

AN OCEAN GRETNA GREEN.

The recent death of Pastor Schroeder recalls the fact that what Gretna Green was to this country in the good old days, Heligoland was to the Continent of Europe. It must have been somewhat an inconvenient place to reach, when time is of importance, but until the German marriage laws of 1900 came into operation the pastor held a lucrative position. The custom of Heligoland had simplicity to recommend it. All the pastor required was a declaration signed by a magistrate to the effect that the parties were not bigamists. Presenting this affidavit the pastor at once joined the applicants in holy matrimony. The new German law destroyed the best part of the pastor's stipend.

WONDERS OF GEOLOGY.

The formation of "loess" a fine yellowish sandy clay found in various parts of the world, and reaching a thickness of over a thousand feet in China, has given rise to much discussion and controversy among geologists. The presence of the shells of snails that feed on plants indicates the former presence of plants. Accordingly it has recently been suggested that the genesis of these remarkable deposits may be fully accounted for by wind action, coupled with growth of plants which have caught and compacted the blown dust and sand, in the way that sand-dune plants do at the present day on our sea-shores.

'LUCKY M'LUCKIE."

At Hamilton Burgh Police Court, when Provost Smellie was introduced to the Court and officials in presence of a full bench of magistrates, in accordance with the traditions of the Court, the first prisoner brought before the new chief magistrate was dismissed with an admonition. He was Alexander M'Luckie, an inmate of Hamilton Combination Poorhouse, who was charged with being drunk while out on "pass." The Provost remarked that the accused was lucky. "Yes," added the Fiscal, "Lucky M'Luckie."

A POLITICIAN'S "HOWLER."

The recently reported negotiations for the cession of Chandernagore by France to Great Britain recall a remarkable slip by a British politician. Chandernagore is a small French colony near Calcutta, which, colonised by the French in 1688, was taken by the British in 1757. In 1816, after Waterloo, territorial adjustments between Great Britain and France were carried out, and as one result of these France regained possession of Chandernagores. It was, however, afterwards explained that the then Marquis of Londonderry, who as Foreign Minister acted for Great Britain, had agreed to France re-establishing a colony in the heart of Bengal under the mistaken belief that it was a small island in the West Indies!

HISTORIC HILL FOR SALE.

"Barrow Mump," near Athelney, in Somersetshire, which is said to be for sale, possesses historic associations with Alfred the Great, who, about 878, erected on the summit a strong fortress, to resist the attacks of the Danes. Not far away was found a relic of Saxon times which for intrinsic value and historical importance transcends anything we possess of that period. In 1693, during some excavations at Newton Park, there was discovered the famous "Alfred Jewel," with an Anglo-Saxon inscription, meaning in modern English, "Alfred had me made." This has belonged to Oxford University for about two centuries, and is still, perhaps, the most prized treasure of the Ashmolean Museum.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

THE REVIVAL OF THE HOOD.

After the sailor-collar comes the hood, a welcome change, since to a greater diversity of shape is added the charm of practical utility. Upon evening wraps in soft satin, very simply decorated with soutache embroideries, one finds pointed burnous hoods carried out in the same fabric and weighted with a single large tassel of silk cord to match. Other hoods again may be seen on satin coats made in the round granny shape, and arranged with a lining of soft silk, mounted on an invisible elastic, so that the hood can be drawn up over the head when occasion requires and held firmly in position without disturbing or crushing the coiffure. Another very pretty mode allows of the wearing of gracefully draped lace hoods upon evening wraps in valours chiffon or in soft brocade. These hoods can easily be fashioned out of any scarf or flounce of real lace that may be lying idle, and all they will need for their completion is just a lining of soft chiffon or silk net to prevent too great a strain on the lace. A few yards of silk ribbon will be useful, too, and can be threaded in and out through the chiffon lining and arranged in the form of several dainty-tied bows, which will add not a little to the charm of the hood. In the case of some of the newest pelisses, made in velvet of brilliant shades, flounced and bordered with Russian sable, large capuchons or hoods may be seen, closely resembling deep shoulder capes when not in actual use. These are of velvet, outlined with the same fur as that which trims the rest of the garment.

HAND BAGS AND HAT PINS.

Velvet bags are the rage, naturally, because velvet gowns are, or have been, the rage also, but in Paris there are now displayed some charming ones in moire and some lovely ones in tarnished gold and silver embroidery, all with long silk cord handles and fittings. A few cloth ones are now looming in sight, because cloth gowns are daily growing in favour, the main point about these being that they must match the gown with which they are carried. For this reason, many women choose tapestry in sober colours, or tarnished gold and silver, either of which goes with any gown. Hat pins are nearly all in fine still, fine paste, silver, or, when one reaches the higher realms of luxury, in real stones of any kind. The thing to avoid is the gaudy pin, or one with too big a head. The same rule should be observed in the wearing of pendants, especially the round, low-hanging pendant which had such a success this summer. They are now to be bought for a few francs each, and some of them are so large as to look like lamp reflectors; consequently, the well-dressed woman will not put on her real one; in fact, jewellery, except rings, and necklaces for evening frocks, is not much worn in Paris just now. English women are noted for their earrings, their bracelets, and their chains, but Frenchwomen do not care for them as a rule.

INDIAN NATIVE STATES.

Speaking at the Indian Institute on Nov. 10, Sir William Lee-Warner traced the past history of the Indian Native States down to the advent of the British. He contrasted the present satisfactory internal condition of the 700 protected States, occupying more than one-third of the area of India, with that which existed when relations were established with them a century ago. The first point to settle concerned their external affairs. A balance of power and then a general confederacy were tried and abandoned, but in the end the system of subordinate insolation was adopted. The surrender of their foreign affairs to the British, however, left to the princes large sovereign powers. The military question was next taken. Subsidiary forces gave way to contingents, and the causes of their failure were explained. The Imperial Service Corps seemed likely to succeed. Passing next to internal affairs he showed that countries reckoned as Sovereign States admitted foreign jurisdiction without forfeiture of their international status. The main point was that the British Legislatures had no power to legislate for the Native States; their subjects were "aliens" and their rules exempt from British law. International law need not be limited to nations of European blood. Asiatic States also required its aid to settle their affairs. So far from desiring to lighten the embrace of a Constitution, the lectures hoped to see a devolution of certain disputes to a sort of Amphiotyonic Council which might relieve the suzerain Power of settling boundary dispute, irrigation differences, compensation questions and various other inter-State quarrels.

LETTER FROM LORD CURZON.

Lord Curzon of Kedleston has addressed a letter to the Lord Mayor on the subject of the King Edward London Memorial, in which he states that the project which appeals to him is that of Lord Esher and Mr. Harcourt for an historical museum for the City of London. After referring to the interest and value of the Carnavalet Museum in Paris, Lord Curzon remarks that a visitor cannot come away from it without regret that the capital of the British Empire, with a history quite as long and dramatic, and with trophies even more valuable and continuous, should not possess a similar treasure house. The project, he writes, appears to him to possess the combined merits of public utility, of artistic and sentimental propriety, and of practical attainment, for it cannot be doubted that the materials for such a collection exist both in Government and private hands in almost unsuspected abundance.

THE BORKUM ARRESTS.

Paris, Nov. 11.

The two Englishmen, Messrs. Brandon and Trench, who were arrested at Emden on August 21 on a charge of espionage, will be tried at Leipzig in about three weeks.

There is no longer any reason for secrecy. They are both British officers. Brandon is a lieutenant in the Navy and Trench is a captain in the Royal Marine Light Infantry.

Lieutenant Brandon was attached to the hydrographic branch for special duties and was in Germany on leave when he was arrested. Captain Trench was studying languages abroad.

Lieutenant Brandon is a brother-in-law of Sir William Bull, M. P., whose firm has been looking after the interests of the two officers since their imprisonment.

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SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

A NEW TAR.

Mrs. Wilhelmina Fleming, who has just discovered a new star in Sagittarius is attached to the Harvard University Observatory, and has for many years specialised in the detection of stellae novae. Like many eminent American astronomers, Mrs. Fleming is a native of the British Isles, her birthplace being Dundee; but she has been at Harvard for thirty years, and so long ago as 1887 made her first find of a new star. What the birth of this latest star can mean one is only faintly able to imagine, but the accepted theory regarding such phenomena is that two mighty suns which have cooled down to cold, dark bodies, but still rolling at incredible speed through space, now and again collide with terrific force. The impact generates such intense heat that the two dead stars, now united in one body, are raised to incandescence, and the new star we see is a mass of burning matter millions of miles in extent and billions of miles distant.

LIFE IN THE PLANETS.

The "Supplement to the Scientific American" for October 29 and "Popular Astronomy" for November both contain an address delivered to an American audience by Professor T. J. J. See upon the capture theory, which is practically a new nebular hypothesis. According to this theory nebulae are formed of the dust expelled by the stars, and stars are formed by the condensation of the nebulae. The craters on the moon are the indentations made by satellites impinging against surface of that planet. The comets are all that is left of the outer shell of the nebula which formed our system. "A nebula may not inappropriately be described as a cluster of comets so dense as to shine with a hazy light." The new theory also shows the solar system to be of much larger dimensions than is generally supposed. Neptune's orbit turns out to be so round that it cannot be the outermost planet of our system—a view reached by Newcomb and Pickering independently of the capture theory. The latter, searching for the new planet "O," uses the deviations of Uranus from the observational records. The final announcement made in the lecture by Professor See is of entrancing interest. The planets, which he shows revolving around the fished stars, are inhabited by intelligent beings of some kind or other. Hence "life is unquestionably a general phenomenon of the universe." The proof, he claims, is now much more complete than it was thirteen years ago, when Newcomb hazarded similar views at the dedication of the Flower Observatory. The dilemma now presented to men of science by Professor See is simple enough. Either life is general, as he affirms, or life on the earth is an accident and a mistake, "existing for hundreds of millions of years in direct violation of the laws of nature, which no philosopher could possibly admit." The life flourishing on the earth and believed to exist also on Mars and Venus is but a drop in the Pacific Ocean compared to that flourishing on the thousands of billions of habitable worlds now definitely proved to revolve about the fixed stars." Here is the voice of conviction indeed British astronomers may, however, decline to select either of the horns of the dilemma for a resting-place. Before a new theory of cosmical evolution so subversive of current views is accepted, astronomers will submit to very searching scrutiny the mathematical calculations of great length and intricacy upon which we presume it is based. It is clearly a case of Wait and see!

TAR-SAND.

Perhaps the most famous of all deposits of asphalt is that in the pitch lake in Trinidad. It is calculated that it still contains some twenty million tons of this valuable commodity. For the last couple of years a careful exploration and survey of the regions north of the Saskatchewan has been carried out, under the direction of the Minister of the Interior, by Messrs. Crean and Beale (the latter is a nephew of the founder of the Cheltenham Ladies' College, and will be remembered by old students of the "City and Guilds"). Their report for 1909 is just issued, and contains an account of the Athabascan bituminous fields. The outcrop extends east and west for some thirty miles, with an average of 150ft. in thickness. The total of bituminous sands in sight is estimated at about 28 1-2 cubic miles, of which 6 1-2 cubic miles may be taken as pure bitumen. Now 6 1-2 cubic miles of bitumen may be expressed otherwise. It represents at least thirty thousand million tons, so that the pitch lake of Trinidad and the tar-sands anywhere else on the surface of the globe are quite thrown into the shade. The Geological Survey gives as the analysis of the Canadian tar-sand: bitumen about 12 1-2 per cent., siliceous sands about 81 3-4 per cent. and the rest is water. The sand consists of grains of pure vitreous quartz. Give the tar-sand enough air and it burns freely. So here is all that is required for the making of the finest white glass. Refining processes are hardly necessary, and it is said that without treatment of any kind it may be used as an asphalt mastic for paving, roofing, electric insulation, &c. It is extremely unlikely that the arts of the synthetic chemist will ever produce an article to be equal in commercial value to the natural combination of bitumen and fine sand. The best asphalt in Europe is probably that derived from Seyssel, in France. But this is not bituminous silica, but bituminous limestone. It is suggested that from the Canadian tar sands it will be possible to manufacture enough oil to supply railways running into districts where the problems of coal supply begin to be serious. It has been known for many years past that there are parts of this district in which enormous supplies of natural gas are obtainable. For instance, men boring for oil on Pelican River in 1897 struck a flow so strong that "a cannon ball could not have been dropped down the pipe." Railways are now the crying need.

THE MEDICINES OF THE ANCIENTS.

The oldest medical work known is the Ebers papyrus, discovered by Georg Ebers in his journey to Egypt in 1872-3. It is a scroll 20 yards long and a foot wide, and has been studied and translated by von Oefele, and now reviewed by von Lippmann. It was written about 1550 B.C., though some of the material of which it is a compilation dates back to about 3700 B.C. The medical substances mentioned include copper (the oldest metal, and once more costly than gold and silver), lead, iron, antimony, carbon, sulphur, salt, soda, gypsum, and other minerals; milk, fats from many animals, wax, and the horn, blood, and other portions of domestic and wild animals; castor and other oils; honey, raisins, grapes, figs, dates, wine, beer, linen, flax, lanolin, papyrus, numerous resins, caraway, fennel, dill, melilot, watercress, peppermint, coriander, lettuce, endive, absinthe, pomegranate, calamus, aloes, safflower, crocus, indigo, henbane, mandrake, opium, and other plants and vegetable products. In preparing drugs, solids were grated or powdered in a stone mortar. There were many processes of treating them, such as roasting, baking, pressing, steeping, warming, boiling in various substances, macerating with lye, evaporating, and fermenting with yeast. Liquids were filtered and clarified. Some recipes include two or three ingredients, but others range up to as many as 37 different materials.

SUGAR MORE FEEDING THAN FAT.

In a paper on the value of sugar as a food compared with fat, M. Auguste Chauveau maintains that its nutritive value is considerably higher than that deduced from its heat of combustion, and that the calculation 0.756 pound of the former is equal to one pound of the latter is in many cases exceeded. The increase in relative nutritive value is due largely to the fact that sugar promotes assimilation of the proteids and reduces dissimilation, and the value of a food must necessarily depend not only upon the energy it is capable of supplying, but also on the indirect influence that it is capable of exerting in the renewal and formation of animal tissue. From whatever point of view the matter is regarded, the superiority of sugar over fat as a food, whether for men at rest or at work, is very distinct.

The Royal Institute of British Architects have presented to the former Lady Mayoress (Lady Knill) a replica of the Pugin Medal in silver which they award every year to the student who has done the best work on the lines which made Augustus Welby Pugin so well known in English ecclesiastural history. This is given as a souvenir of the Town Planning Conference. Lady Knill is a granddaughter of Pugin.

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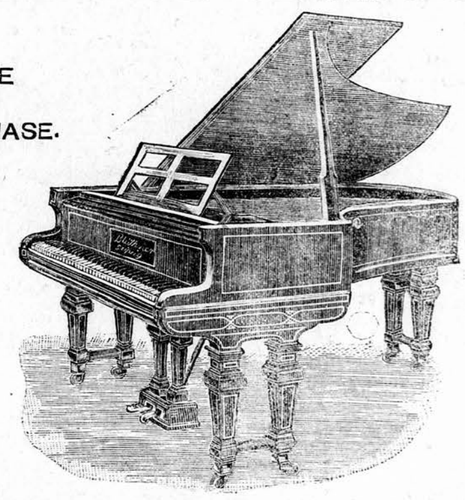
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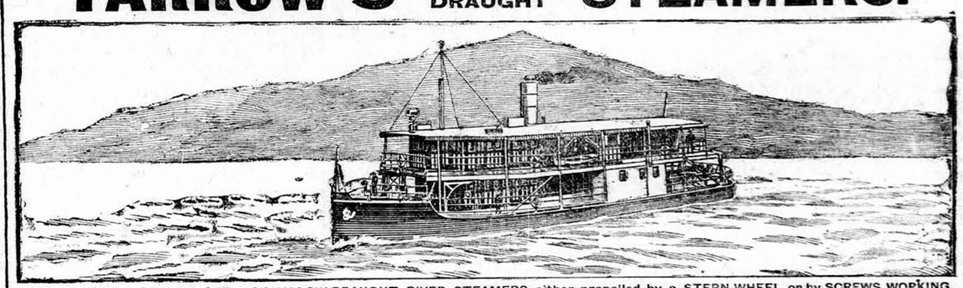
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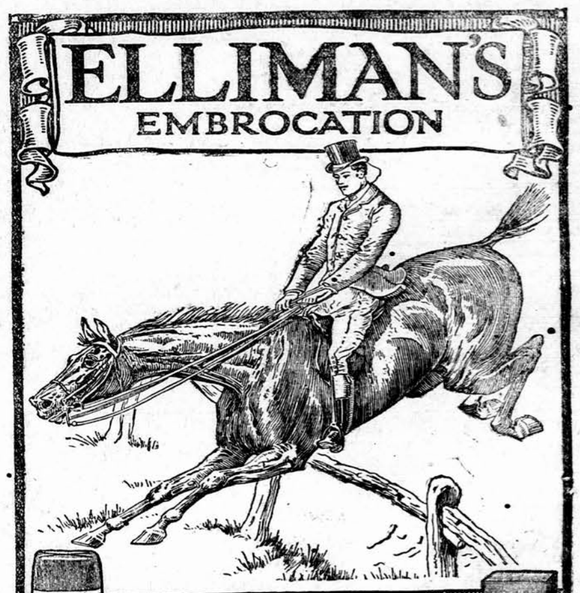

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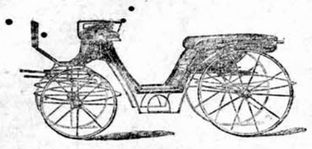

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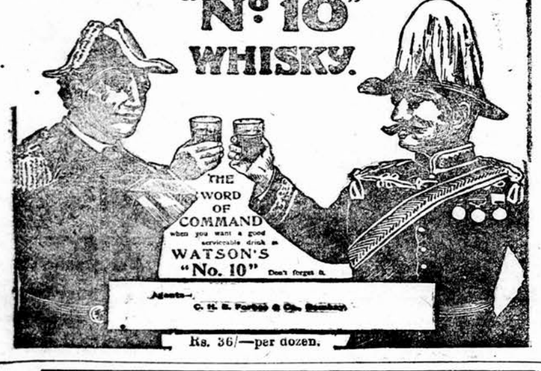

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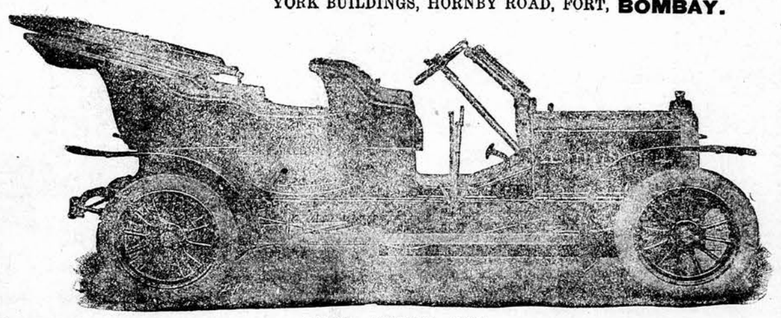

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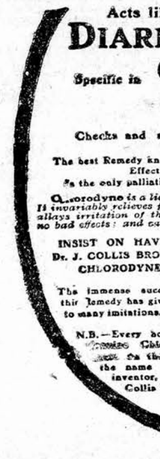

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